

JUNE

Jacksonville Republican.
PUBLISHED EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

LAW, CARDS.
O. S. ELLIS, J. R. CALDWELL,
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery.

HAVING associated themselves in the
practice of Law, will practice together,
except in cases in the county of
Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cherokee
and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1868.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Calhoun
and adjoining Counties; and give
prompt and faithful attention to all business
connected with his care.
Particular attention given to the col-
lection of debts. Oct. 19, 1867.—ly

H. J. & C. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Cal-
houn, Talladega, Randolph, Cherokee,
Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in
the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U.
S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division
of Alabama.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW

GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT,
Gadsden, Alabama.

WILL practice in Baine and adjoining
counties. Special attention given to
the filing of petitions in Bankruptcy. Will
prosecute claims against the Government for
Bounty, Back pay, &c.

Office—Probate Office Building.

INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors in Chancery,
ASHVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St.
Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby,
Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Mar-
shall; also in the Superior Court of the State.
Prompt attention given.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY,
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun,
Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Chero-
kee, DeKalb, and the Supreme Court of the
State. Dec. 23d, 1865.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

M. J. TURNLEY, GEORGE ISBELL TURNLEY.

TURNLEY & SON,
Attorneys at Law
Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

HAVE all necessary Blanks, and are ready
to file applications for all who desire re-
lief under the Bankrupt Act of 1867.

They will attend the Bankrupt Courts held
by the Register, at Gadsden, Lebanon and
Centre—and may be consulted at their office
in Jacksonville, where one of them may al-
ways be found.
Nov. 9, 1867.

NEW HOTEL
IN JACKSONVILLE.

The undersigned, respectfully in-
forms his friends and the public gen-
erally, that he has opened a HOTEL
in the large and commodious Brick Building
on the northeast corner of the public square,
which was built and fitted up expressly for
that purpose. His table will be furnished
with the best that the market affords, and
no expense or effort spared for the comfort
and convenience of his patrons.
Permanent boarders will be taken at fifteen
dollars per month; and transient customers
at corresponding reasonable rates.
S. D. MCLELEN.
Jan. 4, 1868.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman, who suffered for years from
Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all
the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for
the sake of suffering humanity, send free to
all who need it, the recipe and directions for
making the simple remedy by which he was
cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the ad-
vantage of his experience, can do so by addressing,
in perfect confidence, to
J. S. B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar Street, New York.

J. C. Francis, Jr.
ALABAMA.

Wholesale Grocers,
AND
Commission Merchants,
260 Canal Street,
New York.

J. M. ELLIOTT, V. S. COTHRAN, E. R. SMITH
J. M. Elliott & Co.,
WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION
MERCHANTS
Rome, Ga.

Also Agents for the Steamboat Line on the
Coosa River. J. M. ELLIOTT & CO.
March 21, '68.

Coosa River Steamboat Mail
Line.
FREIGHTS REDUCED!
Via Charleston, S. C., & Rome, Ga.
For Spring of 1868.
PER STEAMERS

Etowah Undine.
Great Through Freight Line.
FROM
NEW YORK
& BALTIMORE,
TO GREENSBORO, ALA.

THROUGH RATES TO GREENSBORO.
From New York. From Baltimore.
1st Class, \$2 50 \$3 10
2d Class, 2 18 1 88
3d Class, 1 90 1 65
4th Class, 1 64 1 49
5th Class, 1 34 1 34

Directions to Shippers of Goods.
Mark via Charleston, care of J. M.
ELLIOTT & CO., Agents, Rome, Ga.,
and Greensboro, Ala.

All Through Freight can be paid to
JOHN C. ALLEN & CO. on Deliv-
ery of Goods at Greensboro.

N. B.—Steamers leave Rome every
Tuesday and Saturday, at 7 A. M.;
leave Greensboro every Wednesday at 7
A. M.; leave Gadsden every Sunday at
7 A. M. Arrive at Rome every
Thursday and Monday.

J. M. ELLIOTT,
General Supt. Steamboat Line.
C. M. PENNINGTON, Eng. & Sup. R. R. R.
J. B. PECK, M. T. W. & A. R. R.
R. W. COLE, Gen. Supt. Ga. R. R.
H. T. PEAKE, Supt. S. C. R. R.
Rome, Ga., March 10th, 1868.—lm.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, April 28,
A. D. 1868.

At this term of the court came Wm. M.
Hughes, Administrator of Langford
Hughes deceased, and filed in court his peti-
tion in writing, representing among other
things, that his intestate died seized and
possessed of the following described Lands, ly-
ing and being situate in said county, to-wit:
Beginning at the creek on the Township line,
hence to the dividing line in section thirty-
four, thence north, to the north-east corner
of the field, thence west to the creek includ-
ing the field fence, thence meandering fare-
creek to the beginning corner on the town-
ship line, being part and parcel of section 34,
thirty-four, township 15, fifteen of range 9,
nine, containing seventy acres, more or less.
Said Administrator further represents, that
said Land cannot be equally, fairly and ben-
eficially divided among the heirs of said Es-
tate, without a sale of the same; that said es-
tate is in debt, and that it is therefore nec-
essary and is to the interest of said estate that
said Land be sold for distribution, and for
the payment of debts, &c.; and he therefore
asks an order of court authorizing him to sell
thesame for purposes above mentioned.

It is therefore ordered by the court, that
the 10th day of June, 1868 be set for the
hearing of said petition, and that notice
thereof be given by publication in the Jack-
sonville Republican, a weekly newspaper pub-
lished in said county, for three successive
weeks prior to said day, as a notice to the
non-resident heirs and all other persons con-
cerned, to be and appear at a special Term
of said court to be holden at the court house
of said county on said 10th day of June,
1868, and defend against said petition if
they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 2nd, 1868.—3t.

CONSIGN YOUR GOODS
TO
CROSWELL & CO.

HAVING rented the Ware-House, known
as the "Pettibone Warehouse," belong-
ing to the Selma Rome and Dalton R. R. Co.
for a term of years, we are now prepared to
offer to the citizens of Calhoun, Talladega,
and the northern part of the State generally,
accommodations superior to any they have
ever had, in the way of taking care of, and
forwarding Goods. With the large and com-
modious floating Wharf Boat "Magnolia,"
at the foot of the slide, we are prepared to
store any amount of Freight, well protected
from rain, a good watchman, efficient
Clerks, and immediately at the Depot, where
the usual amount of handling and drayage
is avoided; nothing more being required
when your Goods are consigned to Croswell
& Co., and they will be forthcoming in due
time. The Cabin and State Rooms of the
Magnolia are in good repair, and under the
superintendence of Lynch & Nelson, two of the
best Stewards on the Alabama River, who
are prepared to furnish good clean Beds, and
meals to the travelling public, who may
wish to be sure of getting a Boat, arriving at
any time of the night, and upon reasonable
terms.
Selma, March 28, 1868.—ly.

OUR NEIGHBORHOOD.

MISS HEATHERSTONE.

BY MISS SOPHIE S. HUNGERFORD.

"She could whisper, and smile, and sigh,
Pleading, flattering—so can the rest;
But oh! the look in her roving eye,
Would have wiled the babe from its moth-
er's breast."

These lines always remind me of Eli-
nor Heatherstone. She was not a beau-
ty—there were too many imperfections
in her face for that; but her eyes were
irresistible. No matter what she had
done, one pleading look from those
glorious brown eyes would constrain you
to think she was right. Then her fig-
ure was simply perfect. Before her mar-
riage she was undeniably the belle
of the neighborhood.

Her toilettes were exquisite, not that
they were costly, for the Heatherstones
were not rich; their only source of in-
come was the office under government
which Mr. Heatherstone held. So, of
course, there was no great abundance of
money; but Nellie's articles of dress
were all well chosen, and she had a
great deal of costly old lace and hand-
some jewelry. She, therefore, always
made a good appearance, and conse-
quently had plenty of admirers.

The "lords of creation" would prob-
ably laugh at the idea of a woman's
dress influencing them, but it does. Not
that I mean to say they notice details;
but the general effect is apt to have an
influence on them as well as others.

What one of them, for instance,
would walk down Charles street, on a
fine day, with the prettiest girl in the
world, if she were dressed in the style
of our grandmothers, or wore a mixture
of colors, say a blue dress, a green
shawl, and yellow gloves? If asked to
do it by a third party he would probably
say: "She's a sweet girl, but, by Jove,
a fellow doesn't like to be seen with such
a dowdy figure as she makes of her-
self."

No, my dears, the day when the "or-
nament of a meek and quiet spirit" was
prized above the "plaiting of hair and
putting on of apparel" is over. The
"poor cousin" or "good sister," who
stays at home to make pies and do the
family mending, is not the one who
makes "such a splendid match." If
she is caught in the act of making said
pies, it will not be in "dainty white
ruffs and apron," but most probably in
a sensible brown apron, and certainly
without any ruffs at all. She never
makes the "splendid match" outside of
a novel. So, if you intend to pursue
that course of conduct, make up your
mind to accept your virtue as its own
reward, for it's the only one you'll be
apt to get in this world.

Then Nellie flirted so charmingly;—
of course I know that theoretically none
of the gentlemen approve of flirts, but
practically they always run after them;
—and that was another reason why
Nellie was admired by the gentlemen.

As for the girls, they copied her in
dress and manner, because the gentle-
men admired her; yet, strange to say,
protested against themselves that she had
not a "bit of taste," and, "as to her
being stylish, my dear, why there's no
more style about her than there is about
a cat."

Nell and I were good friends—that is,
we were a great deal together; but there
was not the slightest approach to that
confidential intimacy, so common among
girls, until we had known each other
for some years.

I recollect well that it was a lovely
morning in early May. She and I had
walked to a little grove, which is a fa-
vorite place of resort for the young folks
of our neighborhood.

We were sitting on a large stone by
the "Lover's Spring," when she said
without the slightest preface:

"I am to be married to Colonel Leslie
on the 30th."

Now Colonel Leslie was old enough
to be her grandfather, but very wealthy.
"You are surely jesting, Nell," I
said. "You can't love him?"

"No," she replied coldly; "but I
respect him, and I love no one else."
"But just think," I said, "you love
no one else now, but you may some day
when you have made it too late for hap-
piness. You know it is said that every
woman loves once in her life; but per-
haps you don't believe that?"

"Yes I do," was the reply; "but I
have loved my once, and there is no
danger of my doing it again. My heart
is a burnt out volcano."

There was a silence of some moments;
when she suddenly spoke again:
"The poets call autumn the saddest
time, but I think spring is I do not
know why, but it seems as if with the
resurrection of nature there comes also
a resurrection of old hopes and old sor-
rows we had thought buried under the
autumn leaves. If you care to listen,
I'll tell you my romance. It will be
such a relief to speak of it."

"I was not more than sixteen when I
met Lyon Carter. At first he avoided

me in a rather marked manner, and I
did not like him. But afterward events,
with which I will not bore you, threw
us much together; and for two years we
were intimate friends.

"All this time he had never spoken a
word of love to me; nor had I ever
thought of such a thing in connection
with him. But one day an event, which
it would take too long to tell, caused
him to reveal that he loved me; but
almost in the same instant he told me
that he was a married man.

"Of course, you will say, I resented
such a declaration as an insult. So I
did. Then he begged me to listen to
his story before I judged him.

"When he was about eighteen he
fell in love with and secretly married
an actress, pretty but weak, and, as he
afterwards found, very ill tempered.

"In a few weeks the poor boy woke
from his dream of happiness to find him-
self tied for life to an ignorant, vulgar
woman, whose naturally violent temper
was irritated by disappointment at her
marriage still being kept secret.

"With this fruitful source of conten-
tion their life was miserable indeed.—
His wife often threatened to declare
their marriage herself, but was restrain-
ed by the fear that his father would no
longer allow him an income; and at
present she had what after all she most
desired, plenty of money; for his father
was very wealthy and never limited
him in his expenditure.

"Lyon, on his part, could not bring
himself to acknowledge his marriage,
and so separate himself entirely from
his family; for he well knew his father
would never consent to receive, as his
daughter, the woman whom he had mar-
ried.

"But at the end of six months he was
released from his burden in a way he
little expected or desired.

"He went one day to his wretched
home, and, instead of his wife, found a
letter from her stating that she had left
him forever with another man whom she
had always loved, and whom she had
deserted for him only because of the
position she had thought to gain by a
marriage with him. But she saw that
her marriage would never be acknowl-
edged during his father's life; and she
was tired of waiting for dead men's
shoes, and being moped to death, with
no amusement but tormenting the fool-
ish boy she had married.

"He did not apply for a divorce, for
that would have revealed the whole
wretched story, and his greatest desire
was to keep it secret. The loss of his
liberty was of little consideration; he
was disgusted with women, and never
dreamed of wishing to marry again.

"Years went by. His wife some-
times extorted money from him as the
price of her silence; but for the last
three years he had not heard of her.—
He never mingled in ladies' society; his
meeting with me was, as I told you, ac-
cidental. He loved me from the first
moment he saw me.

"He could still get a divorce, he said,
and besought me to promise that, if he
did so, I would marry him.

"Now I knew that my parents would
never consent to my marrying a divorc-
ed man. The laws of our church for-
bade it; and I myself thought it a dead-
ly sin; but what will not a woman do
for the man she loves? I gave him the
promise he asked.

"So he left me.

"We had always corresponded regu-
larly. I had been in the habit of show-
ing his letters to my mother, and I con-
tinued to do so; for the very good reason
that in every envelope there were two
letters, one written as usual, the other
for my eye alone, telling how he pro-
gressed with the suit for divorce. After
three months he wrote that he had suc-
ceeded, and fixed the time when he
would come for me with his sister.

"All this was very wrong, you will
say. I knew it was, and suffered accord-
ingly.

"All the day I expected him I was
most miserable, and was on the point of
confessing all a dozen times; but at
length the appointed hour came and
passed, and he had not arrived.

"Then I knew something dreadful
had happened to him, and I could do
nothing but wait, without even one soul
to whom I could speak of my anxiety.

"At length it came. The second
day after that I got a letter from Lyon's
sister. He was dead, poisoned by his
divorced wife. She had taken passage
on the same steamer that he did, when
he left the city where the divorce had
been granted to come to me, and, gain-
ing admission to his state-room during
his absence, had put a large quantity of
morphine in a caraffe of water from
which she supposed he would drink, and
then retiring to her own berth, took a
large dose herself.

"Next morning, when the steamboat
came to the landing, the dreadful deed
was discovered; but then he was quite
dead, without one word of good-bye
even."

"Oh my darling, my darling!" she
cried passionately; "your memory is

dearer to me than any living lover can
ever be. I shiver in the winter when I
think of your lying under the snow;
and in spring, when the flowers come, I
only think if any grow upon the grave
I have never seen, but which is always
before me."

She dropped her head in my lap, her
whole frame shaken with sobs. There
was a long silence. I was too much
amazed to speak. Was this the proud,
quiet girl I had known so long?

At length she raised her head; the
old look was in her eyes.

"You see," she said, "I might as well
marry Colonel Leslie. He will enable
me to assist them at home, besides giv-
ing me what most women desire above
all earthly good—a handsome establish-
ment. Forgive me for being sentiment-
al and boring you. Let us go home; I
promised to drive with Ronnie this af-
ternoon."

I met her often afterward before her
marriage, but she was always as calm
and self possessed as before that morn-
ing.

She was married on the 30th. It
was the wedding of our neighborhood,
and is still the standard by which the
splendor of all weddings there is gauged.
The bride looked lonely, as all brides
do, and every one said, "What a splen-
did match." I wonder, if they had
heard her tell that dreary story, if they
would think the "splendid match" wor-
thy of envy. I think there are some
who would; those for instance, who are
not troubled with such unfashionable
things as hearts.

A REMARKABLE SPRING IN FLORIDA.
There is, near Osceola, a remarkable
spring, one of the largest of a great
number known in Florida. It is called
Silver Spring. I found it in the midst
of a lone hammock, overflowing its
banks. It bubbled up in a basin 27
feet deep, and about an acre in extent,
filling and overflowing it, and sending
from it a deep stream, 50 or 60 feet
wide, and extending eight or nine miles
to the Oklawaha river, into which it
empties. In the spring itself, 50 steam-
boats may lie at anchor, and the steam-
boats be of considerable draught. The
springs thus forms a natural inland port,
to which three steamers now run regu-
larly from St. Johns. The clearness of
the water is truly wonderful. It seems
even more transparent than air. You
see on the bottom, 30 feet below the
bottom of your boat, the exact form of
the smallest pebble, the outline and
color and shades of color of the leaf
which has sunk. Large fish swim in it,
every scale visible, and every movement
distinctly observable. The water is im-
pregnated with lime and magnesia, but
has no appreciable taste, and is excel-
lent drinking water. If you go over
the basin in a boat you will see the fis-
sures in the rocks from which the river
pours onward like an inverted cataract.
There are more of these springs in the
channel of the stream further down.—
Such springs are almost common in
Florida. Clay Spring, near the east
bank of Lake Apapka, pours forth a
navigable stream into the St. Johns.—
Bug Springs, on the west side of Lake
Harris, is nearly as large as Silver
Spring. I have laughed at a story of
a spring in Iowa which was large enough
to turn a mill, but I can swallow all
such tales now, after having seen one
that will float a fleet.—Correspondence
Cincinnati Commercial.

THE THREE BENS WITH AN F.—
Three of the most prominent and illus-
trious lights in the Radical party write
their Christian names Benjamin F, viz:
Benjamin Butler, chief manager
in the impeachment plot. He stole
spoons and bullied women in New Or-
leans.

Benjamin F. Rice, carpet bag Sena-
tor from Arkansas. He stole \$5,000 of
a client's money in Kentucky, gambled it
off and ran away in the night.

Benjamin F. Wade, President of the
Senate, and Professor of cursing and
swearing. He voted to make himself
President of the United States.

What a lovely trio of Bens to be
sure. Poor Benjamin Franklin! It's
lucky for him that he did not live to
see his name so disgraced.—Lou. Cou.

The Polish patriots have determined
upon erecting a monument commemora-
tive of the struggles of Poland to regain
her national independence. The site
chosen is in one of the most beautiful
districts of Switzerland, on the heights of
Rapperswyl, bordering the Lake Zurich.

This memorial will consist of a column
of black marble twenty-eight feet high,
standing upon three platforms of granite,
each of the latter serving as a step up to
the pedestal. On the summit will be
an eagle with outspread wings. His-
torical inscriptions and the arms of Po-
land are to be carved upon four tablets
on the lower part of the shaft; and the
whole will be surrounded by an iron
railing.

Forty Persons Poisoned by Ice Cream at Helena, Ark.

The Memphis Avalanche learns, by a gentleman
directly from Helena, of a frightful oc-
currence, which had thrown consterna-
tion and intense excitement over that
city. Over forty persons were poison-
ed by partaking of ice cream last Wed-
nesday, and it is feared a number of
them would die. They were in a crit-
ical condition, and the entire communi-
ty was greatly agitated.

The particulars that we were able to
gather are briefly as follows: The prop-
rietor of an ice cream saloon, a French-
man, made up a large quantity of ice
cream, the first of the season, and it was
distributed gratis, and freely partaken of
by his friends. Shortly afterward, all
who tasted the cream were seized with
violent pain, and the most of them were
prostrated, and in a critical condition
when our informant passed the city.—
Four of the Frenchman's family were
among those afflicted.

Mr. Coolidge, the telegraph operator,
and his wife, were both down, and the
recovery of the latter was considered
doubtful.

A bucket full of the ice cream had
been sent to the female college, and
was freely partaken of by the young la-
dies, and they were all dangerously
taken down.

Various others were likewise afflicted.
The doctors had analyzed some of the
cream. There were no well-defined
conjectures in regard to the cause of
the terrible affair. Whether it was the
work of some malicious fiend, or one of
those terrible accidents which decimate
and appal a whole community, are ques-
tions which future investigations may
answer; but in the meantime the cata-
strophe remains unexplained.

EDITORIAL VERACITY.—A distinguished
editor was in his study when a tall,
thin and ghostly visaged gentleman was
announced. With asthmatic voice, but
in a tone of civility, the stranger said:

"Sir, your journal of yesterday con-
tained false information."

"Impossible, sir. But tell me to
what you allude."

"You said that Mr. M.—had been
tried."

"True."
"Condemned—"
"Very true."
"Hung."
"Most true."

"Now, sir, I am the gentleman him-
self."

"Impossible."
"I assure you it is a fact; and I
hope that you will contradict what you
have alleged."

"By no means, sir."
"What do you mean? You are de-
ranged."

"I may be so, sir, but I will not do
it."

"I will complain to a magistrate."
"As you please; but I never retract.
The most that I can do for you is to an-
nounce that the rope broke, and that
you are now in perfect health. I have
my principles, sir. I never deceive."

GROWING OLD.—How stealthily the
years creep upon us, one by one, until
some day we are startled to find our-
selves grown old! It is curious to see
what different estimates people put up-
on old age at different periods of their
lives. To the youth in his teens the
man of middle age appears quite anti-
quated; but when he himself arrives at
forty years he can scarce believe he is
no longer young, and is astonished to
see so many who were but infants the
other day, jostling him as full grown
men in the race of life. Said one gen-
tleman to another in our hearing:—
"What has become of all the old men?
When you and I were boys there were
many old men about, but they seem to
be all gone." "Ah," said his friend
with a smile, "ask these youngsters
where the old men are. They'll tell
you—and you will find yourself among
them."

A RAILROAD TRAIN STOPPED BY THE
ARMY WORM.—The Corinth, (Miss.)
Model Farmer for May says the army
worm is on the march there in amazing
force. The Farmer makes the follow-
ing astounding statements:

"The movements and numbers of this
insect are astonishing. The army
worm has appeared in this county near
the State line, and are now moving
Southward. Their breadth is about
two miles, and they are stripping the
forest of all its foliage in their path.—
There are so many millions that last
week they actually stopped the freight
train on the Memphis and Charleston
Railroad. The worms were so thick
that they accumulated on the wheels
until it caused the drivers to slide on the
rails. We don't think this is the regu-
lar army worm, but a species of insect
some smaller and not so destructive to
vegetation."

A little wrong doing in the beginning
leadeth to a great sin in the end.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, May 28.—The registration shows a majority of 2,015 white voters in this city.

Townsend, applied to the President to-day to be relieved from the charge of the War Office. The President replied that he had no orders to make, having, some months ago, issued all the necessary orders in the premises.

The business of the War Office is stopped.

New Orleans, May 28.—Judge Durrell has decided that a United States Marshal is responsible for property seized by him and destroyed while in his possession. The judgment was rendered against Marshal Herron for a mount of libel on the steamboat Southern burned while in his possession.

FROM WASHINGTON.

SENATE.

Washington, May 28.—Wade appointed Buckalew, Morrill, of Maine, Stewart, Chandler, and Thayer on the Committee to investigate the charges of corruption made against Senators in the impeachment matter.

Mr. Doolittle presented a memorial from the Conservative citizens of South Carolina against the Constitution of that State.

Mr. Doolittle said the paper was ably and temperately written, and asked its reference to the special consideration of the Judiciary Committee.

A bill was introduced extending the time for the completion of the Southern Pacific Railroad.

Also, a bill to reduce the interest on the public debt.

The Arkansas admission bill was taken up.

Mr. Drake (intensely radical) opposed the admission until the 14th article became part of the fundamental law, maintaining that twenty-eight States were required to ratify that amendment, and that Ohio and New Jersey had a right to recall their assent. He added: "There is no hurry. We have done without these States seven years, and can do without them seven months longer." [Sensation.]

HOUSE.

The Committee on Commerce reported a bill allowing importations for the Western States to be appraised and have the duties paid at the place of destination, and creating Ohio, Illinois, and Missouri a Collection District, and making Cincinnati, Chicago, and St. Louis Ports of Entry. Passed 66 to 54.

The Indian Appropriation bill was taken up, when—

The Corruption Committee introduced a resolution instructing the Sergeant-at-Arms to fit up a guard room in the Capitol for Woolley's confinement.

The Democrats are filibustering.

A roll of the House is no progressing, with the eyes and noses on every excuse.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Washington, May 28.—The Senate to-day rejected the nomination of Thomas Simms as Marshal for South Carolina.

Gen. Schofield's appointment was discussed.

In Gen. Schofield's case, the difficulty lies in the wording of the nomination, which reads "vice Stanton removed."

Affairs at the War Office are unchanged.

SENATE.

Washington, May 30.—After unimportant business disposed of the bill for the admission of Arkansas was resumed.

Mr. Wilson said he never would consent to adjourn until the Southern States were admitted.

Fredlinghuysen maintained that Congress could not impose condition, nor could any State withdraw its assent to the amendment; contending that the 14th article had been adopted.

HOUSE.

Mr. Williams took the same ground.

Mr. Doolittle characterized the Arkansas constitution as anti-Christian.

Mr. Trumbull said he didn't believe in fundamental conditions, but would vote for them to save the bill.

Mr. Ferry's amendment striking out conditions was lost—20 to 27.

Several motions to adjourn were lost when Drake commenced a written speech.

Edmunds amendment reported yesterday was lost without division, when the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Butler offered a resolution forbidding any written communications reaching Woolley until the speaker had opened and read them. The speaker said he would open no sealed letters or telegrams even were he ordered to do so by the House.

Mr. Blaine maintained that it would be subversive of honor to make a jailer of the speaker. It was then ordered that Woolley's communications should reach him through Sergeant-at-Arms.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The family of the prisoner, his counsel and his physician are allowed free access.

Indian Appropriations were resumed; after which the House adjourned.

SENATE.

Washington, May 30.—Executive session unimportant.

Workmen are placing additional securities to the doors and windows of the Capitol Prison.

Revenue for the week \$11,714,000.

The following is the telegram which led to restrictions on Woolley correspondence:

HOUSE.

Washington, May 30.—A resolution to add these democratic members to the Corruption Committee was lost by a vote of 53 to 65.

The resolution committing Woolley to solitary confinement was discussed very bitterly.

A motion to reconsider the vote on this resolution, under which discussion was allowed, was adopted.

The Indian Appropriation bill was taken up and discussed.

The House adjourned.

SENATE.

Washington, May 29.—Citizens of Georgia presented a memorial against the removal of the Capital of that State. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The President of the South Carolina Convention presented a petition asking authority to call the Legislature of that State together. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Arkansas admission bill was taken up.

HOUSE.

Washington, May 29.—The nomination of Gen. Schofield as Secretary of War, vice Stanton removed, was confirmed to-day.

The preamble to the confirmation re-affirms the unconstitutionality of Stanton's removal.

The probabilities of a reduction of the whiskey tax increase. Many radicals say the whiskey ring is too strong for the government and must be crippled by a reduction of the tax.

The Revenue to-day is over \$1,000,000.

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Mr. Edmunds (radical) moved to re-commit the bill with instruction to the Committee to report a bill placing the State under the newly elected officers, but continuing the military authority, with a provision for the admission of the State when the 14th article becomes a part of the Constitution.

Mr. Edmunds said that as soon as the State was admitted, Congressional power over it should cease, and the new government would have nothing to lean upon except the shoulders of the President.

Mr. Congling (radical) spoke against imposing any conditions.

After Executive session the Senate adjourned.

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HOUSE.

A committee from the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention notified Gen. Grant of his nomination for President.

Gen. Grant replied in a brief speech.

The divergent views on the Arkansas admission bill are becoming more marked, and the probabilities of its admission over a veto are decreasing.

No republicans object to the Constitution itself.

The points of difficulty apply to all the Southern States.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, May 30.—Gen. Grant, in accepting the nomination for President, says: "I shall have no policy of my own to interfere against the will of the people."

The Departments are closed to-day, to allow the Clerks to assist in decorating the graves of the dead soldiers.

Discussing the admission of the States, Senator Conness said that he would frankly say that he wanted these States in the Union, because he wanted their votes for Gen. Grant.

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IA-BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JAMES A. HALL, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, ss.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of JAMES A. HALL, of Jacksonville, in the County of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition. That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Gadsden, in the Court Room, before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M. E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal for said district.

District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of JAMES D. HOLLINGSWORTH, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, ss.

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District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of EDWIN J. WOOLEN, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, ss.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of EDWIN J. WOOLEN, of Cross Plains, in the County of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition. That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Gadsden, in the Court Room, before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M. E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal for said district.

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NEW GROCERY, CONFECTIONERY AND PROVISION STORE. J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

INFORM the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that they have just opened on the east side of the public square, a large, varied and well selected stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

SUGAR, COFFEE AND MOLASSES, Bacon, Lard and Salt, Rice, Flour and Meal, Cheese, Crackers and Spices, Mackerel, Oysters and Sardines, Fruits and Confectionaries.

With every other article usually needed or called for in a well assorted Family Grocery. We intend to keep our assortment at all times full and complete, and hope by ready and extensive sales to be enabled to sell low.

We will EXCHANGE Groceries, for every description of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Terms CASH, where exchange is not made.

Our establishment being a convenient desideratum, long needed and desired by the citizens of the Town and vicinity, we expect and solicit a liberal and generous patronage, which will mutually benefit both buyer and seller in proportion to extent.

Call in and examine our stock—and buy your SUPPLIES.

Jacksonville, Ala. Dec. 14, 1867.

"Look out for the Cars when you hear the Whistle Blow."

And be sure and call to see that NICE LOT of

SUMMER CLOTHING,

AND THOSE NEW AND DESIRABLE

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

Mozambique, Grenadines, Swiss, Nanook, Berages, Muslins, Prints, &c.

Just received and for sale VERY CHEAP for CASH, or in exchange for HIDES and COUNTRY PRODUCE by

T. F. WYNN & CO.

Jacksonville, Ala. May 9, 1868.

ISELL & SON,

BANKERS,

Tallahassee, Fla.

ARE now Discounting Bills on Selma, Mobile, New Orleans and New York. Checking on all these cities at sight, and furnish Exchange on Europe.

They buy GOLD, SILVER, Old Bank Notes, Compound Interest and Seven Thirty Notes.

They receive Gold, Silver and Currency on Deposit—guaranteeing safety, and pay back same in sums to suit parties, free of any charge.

Feb. 8, 1868.—ly.

Prompt attention given to collections.

If you want Cheap Goods And a good Article, CALL ON J. M. CARROLL & CO.

Who are receiving and have now in Store, a fine supply of Spring and Summer Goods; Consisting in part of

Ladies Dress Goods; Prints, Domestic, Brown & Blue; Ladies & Gents Hosiery and Gloves, BOOTS & SHOES, Clothing, Hats & Notions.

Also a fine assortment of Family and Plantation Groceries, Coffee, Sugars and Golden Syrup, Soda, Candles and Soaps, Rice, Fresh Peaches & Oysters, Nails Rope and Leather, Drugs, Dye Stuffs and Perfumery, Crockery, Tin Ware and Tobacco, Scythe Blades, Axes, Hoes & Drawing Cutters, Carpenters Tools, Cutlery, &c., &c.

All of which we are offering cheap for Cash, and to which we invite the attention of Every Body.

J. M. Carroll desires to return thanks to the people of Jacksonville and of Calhoun County, for their liberal patronage, and asks for the Firm of J. M. Carroll & Co., "doing business at his old stand," a liberal share of their patronage for the present year.

Store west side of the Public Square, second door North of the Hotel.

J. M. CARROLL & CO.

April 18th, 1868.

WOODWARD and SON

Are now Receiving their

SPRING GOODS;

To which they invite attention.

Their Stock is general, embracing as it does about all the different lines of Goods needed in this country.

All are invited to call.

April 4th, 1868.

A Fresh Supply OF

Bacon, Lard and other FAMILY GROCERIES,

Just received by

HORN & TURNLEY,

Which they will sell low for cash or exchange for

Ginseng, Fur Skins, Beeswax

And various other descriptions of Produce.

May 2, 1868.—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, May 19th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came W. F. HANNA, Administrator of the Estate of J. Williams, deceased, and tenders his resignation as such Administrator, accompanied with his accounts and vouchers for final settlement of the administration of said estate. It is thereupon ordered by the court, that the 16th day of June, A. D. 1868, be set for hearing said application and making said final settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be heard and appear at a special term of said court to be held at the Court House of said county on said 16th day of June, 1868, and contest said account, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

May 23, 1868.—2t.

AYER & HILLS,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE

AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ROBE, Ga.

Agents for

BUCKEYE & WOOD'S

MOWERS AND REAPERS,

PITTS, SWEEPSTAKES & KENTUCKY

Threshers and Cleaners,

RAILWAY & LEVER HORSE POWERS,

Grain Drills, Horse Rakes

and Riding Plows.

Victor Case Mills & Evaporators, Corn Shellers, Feed

Cutters, &c. &c.

Orders filled promptly for any Machine in use, at Factory Prices, with freight added.

Full descriptions of Machines to be had on application.

May 16, 1868.—3t.

M. R. BOGGS. A. E. MOTT.

BOGGS & MOTT,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

Commission Merchants.

No. 3, Central Block, Water St.

Selma, Ala.

May 16th, 1868.—Om.

Ladies Depository,

Baltimore, Md.

THIS institution was organized in Baltimore, in February, 1867, for the relief of ladies who, in consequence of the late disastrous war, have been unexpectedly obliged to rely upon the work of their own hands for support. This relief is given by putting out sewing, selling garments of various descriptions—selling preserves, jellies, &c., and reliefs, such as paintings, silver, china, &c.—Permits are first obtained either to do sewing, or to deposit, after which any work or article is sent over the express free of charge.

At the earnest request of the President of the Depository and my own solicitude for our Sunny South, I make known the existence of this institution to those parts of Alabama with which I am acquainted, and also my readiness to aid any or all who desire to enjoy its benefits. Further information may be obtained by addressing Ladies' Depository, 23 North Chancery st., or the undersigned, 233 West Lombard street, Baltimore, Md.

Miss CLEANTHINE SNOW.

May 4th, 1868.

New Goods.

An additional

Lot of

PRINTS, &c.

Just Received.

We do NOT wish to sell on time, but DO intend offering Goods for CASH, as cheap as can be AFFORDED.

WOODWARD & SON,

May 2, 1868.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, May 19th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Geo. I. Turnley, Administrator of the Estate of James Caldwell, deceased, and presents and files his account and vouchers for a final settlement and distribution of said estate; it is ordered by the court, that the 29th day of June, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that publication thereof be made for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be held at the Court House of said county, on that



POETRY.

MOTHER'S GRAVE.
The trembling dew-drops fall
Upon the shutting flowers, like souls at rest;
The stars shine gloriously, and all
Save me are blessed.

Mother! I love thy grave!
The violet, with its blossoms blue and mild,
Waves o'er thy head. When will it wave
Above thy child's?

'Tis a sweet flower; yet must
Its bright leaves to the morning tempest
bow?
Dear mother, 'tis thine emblem—dust
Is on thy brow.

And I could love to die—
To leave untasted life's dark, bitter streams,
By thee, as erst in childhood, lie,
And share thy dreams.

And must I linger here,
To stain the plumage of my sinless years,
And mourn the hopes of childhood dear
With bitter tears?

Aye, I must linger here,
A lonely branch upon a withered tree,
Whose last frail leaf untimely sear,
Went down with thee.

Of life's withered bower,
In still communion with the past, I turn,
And muse on thee, the only flower
In memory's urn.

And when the evening, pale,
Bows like a mourner, or the dim, blue
wave,
I stray to hear the night winds wail
Around thy grave.

Where is thy spirit flown?
I gaze above—thy look is imaged there—
I listen, and thy gentle tone
Is on their ear.

O, come, while here I press
My brow upon thy grave, and in those wild
And thrilling tones of tenderness,
Bless, bless thy child!

[George D. Prentice.]

Gems of Thought.

As we go in life we find we cannot
afford excitement, and we learn to be
passionless in our emotions.

Youth is fed by poetry and imagination;
mature age by realities; as plants
draw all their nourishment from the air
until they bear fruit, and afterwards
from the ground only.

TRUTH AND HONOR.—The heaviest
fetters that ever weighed down the limbs
of a captive is as the web of a gossamer,
compared with the pledge of a man of
honor. The wall of stone and the bar
of iron may be broken, but the plighted
word never.

SEXUALITY.—To delicate minds, the
unfortunate are always objects of respect,
as the ancients held sacred those places
which had been sealed by lightning—
Thus the feeling heart considers the af-
flicted as touched by the hand of the
Deity himself.

POWER OF INTEGRITY.—Reproaches
have no power to afflict the man of un-
blemished integrity, or the abandoned
profligate. It is the middle compound
character which is alone miserable; the
man who without firmness enough to
avoid a dishonorable action, has feeling
enough to be ashamed of it.

BUT AND NO.—"But" is a more dis-
tasteful combination of letters than "No"
itself. "No" is a surly, honest fellow,
speaks his mind rough and round at once.
"But" is a sneaking, evasive, half-
breed exceptional sort of a conjunction, which
comes to pull away the cup just when it
is at your lips.

COWARDICE.—Every man capable of
doing a secret injustice is a coward.—
He will shrink, shuffle, and equivocate;
but if held by the firm grasp of truth
and courage, cannot escape an ignomin-
ious exposure.

Many days of happiness have been
discovered; but all agree that there is
none so pleasant as loving and being
loved.

It is stated that letters received by
the Prussian Legation show that the
report that the Baron Holsstein has re-
cently been killed in a duel near Brussels
is untrue.

A woman's tears are generally more
effective than her words. In such
cases wind is a less powerful than wa-
ter.

The New York World insists that the
apparent unanimity of the nomination of
Cly. Grant is of no political significance.
Grant was nominated by acclamation and
with the same unanimity by the Whig
Convention in 1844, while the Demo-
cratic Convention of the same year came
together with as much doubt as to a
candidate as may mark the opening
proceeding of this year. Yet when
Polk was nominated the party was thor-
oughly and enthusiastically in accord,
and the candidate was triumphantly
elected. For a later instance, it was
hardly possible for any convention to
assemble with more "must" candidates
before it than the Democratic Con-
vention of 1852. But when Pierce was
nominated against Scott the conqueror
of Mexico there was "unanimity" enough
to enable him to carry every State in the
Union, excepting four.

Yonatt, the well known veterinary
surgeon, who has been bitten eight or
ten-times by rabid animals, says that
crystal of the nitrate of silver rubbed in
to the wound will positively prevent hy-
drophobia in the bitten person or ani-
mal.

FEMALE DELIGHT.

English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters

Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints

It satisfies old and young
It satisfies old and young
It satisfies old and young
It satisfies old and young
It satisfies old and young

For Painful Menstruation
For Suppressed Menstruation
For Profuse Menstruation
For Leucorrhoea or Whites
For Falling of the Womb

It delights Husband and Wife
It delights Husband and Wife
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It delights Husband and Wife

As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator

Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Adds Strength and gives Beauty

Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians

For Chills and Fever
Use Dr. D. C. Co.'s King of Chills
Use Dr. D. C. Co.'s King of Chills
Use Dr. D. C. Co.'s King of Chills
Use Dr. D. C. Co.'s King of Chills

It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures

For all forms of Chills and Fever
For all forms of Chills and Fever
For all forms of Chills and Fever
For all forms of Chills and Fever
For all forms of Chills and Fever

Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
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Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver

For Croup and Whooping Cough
For Croup and Whooping Cough
For Croup and Whooping Cough
For Croup and Whooping Cough
For Croup and Whooping Cough

The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known

For Gravel and Urinary Deposits
For Gravel and Urinary Deposits
For Gravel and Urinary Deposits
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For Gravel and Urinary Deposits

Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine
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Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine

Cures Weak Back and Gleet
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Cures Weak Back and Gleet

Cures frequent desire to Urinate
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A SPLENDID LOT OF Spring & Summer GOODS,

Just Received, and
for sale very cheap
for cash, by

T. F. WYNN & CO.
Call and see them immediately.
March 7th, 1868.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,

(Successor to N. D. JOHNSON & Co.)

RECEIVING
AND
Forwarding Merchant,

Selma, Alabama.
Ware House and Wharf at
the terminus of the Alabama
& Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.

Cotton or Merchandise of any description
Consigned to this House will be forwarded
promptly and as low as through any house in
Selma. Feb. 16, 1867.—1f.

H. W. Luttrell,)
Jas. Lea, L. W. Cro-)
zier & Benj. Johnson)
Chancery Division of
Alabama.

In this cause it is made to appear to the
Register, by affidavit of Complainant,
that two of the said Defendants, James Lea
L. W. Crozier, who are of lawful age, are
non-residents of this State and reside in the
town of Starkville, Lamar county State of
Texas.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that
publication be made in the Jacksonville Re-
publican, a Newspaper published in the town of
Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive
weeks, requiring them to said non-resident
Defendants, to answer or demur to the bill
of complaint in this cause by the 15th day
of June, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days there-
after a decree pro confesso will be taken
against them.
Done at office this 25th day of April, A.
D. 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c.
May 2, 1868.—4t.—\$11 15.

BOWEN & HOOPER,
Wholesale and Retail
GROGERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Western Produce.

Corner Water and Washing-
ton Streets, directly oppo-
site the "Trump House."

Are now opening a full and complete as-
sortment of Groceries and Western Produce,
which they offer in Packages or at Retail at
the lowest market rates. Consignments of
Cotton, Flour and other
Produce, for storage, sale or shipment,
respectfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly
attended to.

Thankful for former favors, they will be
happy to again meet their old friends, and
ask a fair share of patronage from the public
generally. BOWEN & HOOPER.
August 24, 1867.—1y.

**THE OLD
"JACKSONVILLE HOTEL,"**
BY
J. D. HAMMOND.

I respectfully announce to the trav-
elling public, and citizens of the
Town and Country generally, that I
am still keeping this House. I shall endeavor
to have it kept furnished with every
thing this and the city markets afford.
Having purchased my supplies for the year very
low, I feel confident I can board as cheap as
the cheapest. Being determined to spare nei-
ther capital nor pains to give satisfaction, I
solicit a liberal share of patronage.

There is a good Livestock Stable con-
nected with this House, plentifully furnished
to take care of horses; and supplied with va-
rious conveniences for travellers of the usual
routes. J. D. HAMMOND.
Jacksonville, Jan. 11, 1868.

**Economy & Home Industry.
SAVE YOUR RAGS!**

**THE CHICKASAW MANU-
FACTURING COMPANY**

ARE now prepared to purchase GOOD
CLEAN COTTON and LINEN RAGS
in any quantity, and to pay for them the
Highest Market Price in Cash.

They have established a Depot at No. 51
North Water street for the receipt and storage
of Rags and Paper stock of all sorts, under
the immediate charge of Capt. Thomas Dues,
who is authorized to pay a liberal price for
all stock required for the Company's Mills,
and brought him in suitable condition.

Rags may be either white, colored or mixed,
but they must be free of woollens, clear and
well washed.
Dealers in paper stock in the city and in-
terior will find it to their advantage to com-
municate with us before disposing of their
stock elsewhere.

Newspapers will advance their own inter-
ests by lending their influence to secure the
saving and collection of all the rags to be
found in their respective localities. We will
credit them in exchange for paper at liberal
rates for all the merchantable rags they may
send us.

Rags sent by the rivers and Great North-
ern Railroad, should be addressed to the Com-
pany at Mobile.

All shipments by the Mobile and Ohio
Railroad should be directed to Beaver Mead-
ow Station, the location of the Company's
Works.

For further information apply to the
Company's Depot, No. 51, North Water st.,
or to the undersigned, in person or by let-
ter, at the Office of the Advertiser and Reg-
ister.

W. G. CLARE, President.
All newspapers publishing this adver-
tisement one month and calling attention to
it will receive credit for the same at their
regular rates, payable in paper as soon as the
Mills get into full operation. Feb. 1.

J. G. BELL & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS

AND
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.

Spectral attention given to the Sale & Ship-
ment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully
solicited. Sept. 8, 1868.

SMITH & RIDDLE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, Hardware and Commission Merchants.

We are now receiving and will continue
to receive fresh lots of Groceries and
Plantation Supplies.

Every week, which they offer to Planters and
Country Merchants at as low figures as can
be bought in the up country. Call and ex-
amine before purchasing elsewhere.

We are prepared to pay tax on Cotton con-
signed to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile,
New Orleans or New York.

Will soon have a large Ware-house com-
pleted in rear of our building for storing
Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867.—6m.

DRUGS, DRUGS.
P. L. TURNLEY,
(Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)

Announces to the public that he has
received a very superior stock of Drugs, med-
icines, chemicals, Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes,
Oil Lamps, also Clover
and Grass Seeds of all kinds and feels
confident that he can please all
of his Alabama Customers and
Friends that will call on him or
send their orders. Recollect he
may be found at his old commodious stand
No. 3, under the Church House, Rome, Ga.

**The Jacksonville Female
ACADEMY.**

The exercises of this In-
stitution will be resumed on
Monday, February 3d, 1868,

under the direction of
REV. D. F. SMITH, Principal,
MISS MARY A. TURNLEY, Teach-
er in Primary Department.

MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, Instructress
in Musical Department.

The course of instruction is substan-
tially embracing the branches usually
taught in Academies and High Schools.

The Scholastic year is divided into
two sessions of 24 and 16 weeks respec-
tively.

**Rates of Tuition per Session of
24 weeks.**
First Class, \$18 00
2nd " 24 00
3rd " 30 00
4th " 36 00

Music on Piano, Extra, inclu-
ding use of instrument, 36 00
French, Extra 12 00
Contingent Fund, 2 00

Rates of tuition per term of 16 weeks
the same per month.

A deduction of 10 per cent is made in favor
of those who will pay monthly, quarterly
or in advance.

Tuition will be charged from the time a
pupil enters the school to the end of the
term.

Tuition of ministers' daughters at half
rates.

Parents may feel assured that the intellec-
tual and moral improvement of their daugh-
ters will be faithfully sought. All sectarian
influences are prohibited, the pupils having
free access to the different Sabbath Schools
and Churches in the village, as parents may
direct.

As to fine scenery, health good society,
and opportunities for religious instruction,
Jacksonville presents peculiar advantages.

Board can be had in good families at \$15
per month.
F. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n.
J. F. GRANT, Sec'y.

J. C. FRANCIS,
A. ADAMS,
B. C. WYLY,
J. H. PRIVETT,
M. J. TURNLEY,
L. W. CANNON,
W. H. FLEMING,
A. WOODS,
J. Y. NISBET,
W. H. FORNEY.

Dec. 7, 1867.
MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

**DAILY AND WEEKLY
A JOURNAL FOR THE FARMER
THE BUSINESS MAN, POLI-
TICIAN, AND FAMILY
CIRCLE.**

TERMS:
DAILY, One Year \$10 00
" Six Months 5 00
" Three Months 2 50
" One Month 1 00

WEEKLY, One Year 4 00
" Six Months 2 50
" Three months twelve mo
sent to one Postoffice
address 20 00

" Ten copies 12 months
sent to one P. O. ad. 30 00

22 Clubs received for six months at
the above rates.

All Subscriptions are payable
strictly in advance.

Remittances may be made at our
risk, when sent by Express, in Postoffice
Money order, or in Registered Letter.

W. W. SWEENEY,
Montgomery, Ala.

PAINTING.
Mrs. A. T. FARQUAR

Will be glad to receive orders in any
style of portraits, from small cabinet
up to life size, embracing, Vignette, Bust,
and Full Length. She will colour in water,
chalk and oil, according to the taste of her
patrons.

Photographs coloured in any of the above
styles, at prices adapted to the present crisis.

Mrs. F. for the last few years has been as-
sociated with Mr. James Whitehorn, a regu-
lar member of the New York Academy of
Design, as an Associate Artist, and she re-
fers to him for her ability to perform what she
professes, and who will give sittings to any
of her pictures if required. His studio is
595, Room 8, Broadway, N. Y.

Lessons will be given in Drawing and
Painting.

N. B. When sittings cannot be had, Pic-
tures will be faithfully executed from Da-
guerreotypes, Ambrotypes and Photographs.

PHOTOGRAPHS.
AMBROTYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist.
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood-
ward's Store. June 16, 1868

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxu-
riant growth of hair upon a bald head or
beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the
skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beau-
tiful, can be obtained without charge by ad-
dressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST,
823 Broadway,
New York.

S. & T. J. MORGAN,
AND
GROCERY

Commission Merchants,
OXFORD, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assort-
ment of choice Groceries, for sale on the
most reasonable terms.

They are also prepared to pay the
Tax on Cotton and attend to its ship-
ment to the best houses in Selma, Mo-
bile or New Orleans.

Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.

All persons indebted to the old firm of
C. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Mor-
gan, are earnestly requested to come forward
and make payment.

**THE GREAT CAUSE
OF
HUMAN MISERY.**

A LECTURE on the Nature
Treatment, and Radical Cur of
Sexual weakness, or Sympyoma-
tica, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary E-
missions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and
Impediments to Marriage generally; Con-
sumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Phy-
sical Incurability, &c.—By ROBERT J. CUL-
VERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green
Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this ad-
mirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own ex-
perience that the awful consequences of self-
abuse may be effectually removed without
medicine, and without dangerous surgical op-
erations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cor-
dials, pointing out a mode of cure at once cer-
tain and effectual, by which every sufferer,
no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a Boon to
Thousands and Thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any
address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or
two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's
"Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address
the publishers.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

MUSIC LESSONS
ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E.
FRANCIS, commencing with the ses-
sions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Pupils can commence at any time dur-
ing the session, and be charged for the time
Country Produce at the market price taken
in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '68

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County,
May 11, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Stephen Clayton, Admin-
istrator of the Estate of Benj. D. Greer,
dec. and presents and files his account and
vouches for a final settlement of said estate;
and thereupon, it is ordered by the court,
that the 22nd day of June, 1868 be set
for making said settlement, and that publication
thereof be given for three successive weeks in
the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper
published in said county, as a notice to all
persons concerned, to be and appear at a
special term of said court, to be held at the
court house of said county, on said 22nd
day of June, 1868, and contest said account,
if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 16th, 1868.

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker.

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
despatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1868.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will
send (free of charge,) to all who desire it, the
prescription with the directions for making
and using the simple remedy by which

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA
SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1868.

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less.
First insertion, 1 50
Each subsequent insertion, 75
Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Mr. D. M. FULWIDER is our authorized Agent, to receive and receive for subscription, advertising, &c. for the Jacksonville Republican.

SODA FOUNTAIN.—Jacksonville is a very interesting city, since the people have heard the sound of the locomotive whistle; (and this is about the only advantage they have yet derived from the extension of the road thus far.) Messrs. T. F. Wynn & Co. have procured an excellent Soda Fountain, and are prepared to furnish their friends and especially Lady visitors, with this very pleasant, healthy and refreshing Summer beverage. They will have a good supply of ice by Monday next.

We had a call on Friday morning from Capt. P. B. SHEPARD, District Agent of the Southern Life Insurance Company, located at Memphis, Tenn., of which Frank E. White is President, and Gen. N. B. Forrest is General Travelling Agent.

Capt. Shepard is an excellent and reliable Agent of one of the best companies in the South.

If you desire a really choice article of Chewing Tobacco, call at the Store of Woodward & Son, who have just received a lot of about the best article ever brought to the place. They have also a very superior article of Smoking Tobacco—all offered at very low prices.

Bargains Offered.

Persons having a surplus of Wheat have very advantageous terms offered them now, by that fair-dealing, energetic and enterprising firm, J. B. Turnley & Co. who offer them in exchange Bacon, Lard Groceries and other cash articles. Bring on your Wheat before the opportunity passes by.

RETURNED FROM HONDURAS.—Messrs. Robert McCain and James Doherty returned one day this week, safe and sound, from their recent visit to this land of promise, but we have not had sufficient conversation as yet with either of these gentlemen to give a satisfactory account of their impression of the country.

PROGRESS OF RECONSTRUCTION.—The Arkansas admission bill has passed the Senate. Congress has stricken out the relief clause in Georgia constitution, and an effort to make its provisions extend to "loil" men only has also decidedly failed. In the Senate, Alabama was added to the Omnibus Admission Bill, by a vote of 22 to 21. Should the bill finally pass, it will of course be vetoed by the President, he having heretofore vetoed the Reconstruction acts as unconstitutional. The vote on admission of Alabama into the omnibus bill having been so close, it would seem impossible for it to get a two-thirds vote over the veto. It would seem therefore that the people of the Southern States may make their calculations not to be allowed a vote in the next Presidential election, neither white men nor negroes, carpet-baggers nor scalawags. Well "Barkis is willin'."

THE GENERAL AMNESTY.—The Nashville Banner of Thursday states, on the authority of "a prominent friend of the President" that Mr. Johnson will shortly issue a proclamation of general amnesty, which will be a full pardon for all Confederates; from Mr. Davis down.

The State Convention.

We deem it unnecessary to publish the entire Journal of the late Democratic State Convention, as it would occupy almost our entire available space; but we give below the resolution adopted, and the names of the State Executive Committee and Delegates for the State at large and Districts, to the National Democratic Convention which is to meet in New York on the 4th day of July next.

In addition to these resolutions, &c., we learn from H. L. STEVENSON, Esq., the only one of the Delegates from our

County who was in attendance, but who was a very competent, energetic and efficient one, a true and worthy representative of the old Banner County, that the Convention was composed of a number of the most talented and patriotic citizens of our State, including in the body four ex-Governors, several members of Congress, Judges, &c.—although there was considerable discussion on minor points, yet it was all conducted in a friendly and conciliatory spirit, and that in its final action, the Convention was unanimous and harmonious. Our readers will doubtless agree with us, that in the resolutions adopted, the Convention has said just enough and not too much—in the first resolution, pledging themselves as unit to the support of the Democratic nominees, in opposition to revolutionary Radicalism—in the second, in honest, frank and manly language, pledging themselves to abide settled issues, to do equal and exact justice to all classes, and thus giving the lie to the innumerable falsehoods and slanders of scalawags and carpet-baggers—and in the third paying a well deserved tribute of thanks to Andrew Johnson, for the patriotic devotion, ability, firmness and courage with which he has defended the Constitution. Thus far, Alabama has done more than any other State under Military Despotism to confuse the counsels and disappoint the aims of Radicalism. May her future course be equally honorable, glorious and successful.

Democratic and Conservative Organization for Alabama.

RESOLUTIONS.

1. Resolved, That having entire confidence in the principles and patriotism of the Democratic party, we hereby pledge ourselves to the support of the candidates of that party for President and Vice President of the United States, to be nominated at the coming Convention in the city of New York, the 4th of July next.

2. Resolved, That slavery having been prohibited in the State of Alabama by a convention of the people thereof held in September, 1865, we hereby again proclaim our faithful adherence to that ordinance, and we assure the people of the United States that there are no laws in force in this State, enacted by our authority, which make any distinction in the protection which they give to the person and property of both races, and we hereby declare our solemn purpose that these laws shall be faithfully and impartially administered so soon as the military are withdrawn, and we are permitted to manage our own affairs.

3. Resolved, That the thanks of the Southern people, as well as all friends of free government, are eminently due to Andrew Johnson for the unflinching courage and unsurpassed ability with which he has acquitted himself of his official oath to "preserve, protect and defend" the Constitution of the United States and that this Convention pay to him its respect and admiration, both as a patriot and a man, being incorruptible in both capacities, as proven by the ordeal through which he has just triumphantly passed.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Montgomery—James H. Clanton, Chairman, D. S. Troy, and V. S. Murphy.

First District—B. M. Woolley, of Dallas, Henry St. Paul, of Mobile.

Second District—H. A. Herbert, of Butler, R. H. Powell, of Bullock.

Third District—R. E. Ligon, of Macon, W. H. Cruikshank, of Talladega.

Fourth District—W. H. Northington, of Autauga, J. G. Harvey, of Greene.

Fifth District—Joseph H. Francis, of Baine, John W. Young, of Madison.

Sixth District—Daniel Coleman, of Limestone, Oliver S. Kennedy, of Lauderdale.

DELEGATES TO THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.

James H. Clanton, of Montgomery, Lewis E. Parsons, of Talladega, John A. Winston, of Mobile, and Reuben Chapman, of Madison.

ALTERNATES.

W. M. Smith, of Dallas, Alexander White, of Dallas, W. B. Wood of Lauderdale, and W. H. Forney, of Calhoun.

DISTRICT DELEGATES.

First District—C. C. Langdon, of Mobile, S. G. Scott, Jr., of Monroe.

Alternates—Walter Tate, of Wilcox, and Wm. A. Ashley, of Conecuh.

Second District—J. T. Holtzclaw, of Montgomery, and W. C. Oates, of Henry.

Alternates—Joseph Hodgson, of Montgomery, and J. T. Clements, of Lowndes.

Third District—W. H. Barnes, of Chambers, and M. J. Bulger, of Tallapoosa.

Alternates—Dr. J. H. Davis, of Randolph, and T. S. Ferguson, of Macon.

Fourth District—Sam. Ruffin, of Choctaw, and John J. Jolly, of Greene.

Alternates—John A. Chapman, of Perry, and Daniel Pratt, of Autauga.

Fifth District—Wm. M. Lowe, of Madison, James L. Sheffield, of Marshall.

Alternates—R. B. Kyle, of Baine, Thos. B. Cooper, of Cherokee.

Sixth District—R. O. Pickett, of Lauderdale, Thomas J. McClellan, of Limestone.

Alternates—F. M. Sloss, of Lawrence, A. Marlow, of Jefferson.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

1. That an Executive Committee of two from each Congressional District, and three from Montgomery, with the chairman at Montgomery, shall be appointed by this Convention, who shall be invested with general powers, for the purpose of maintaining and perfecting the organization of the Democratic and Conservative party of the State.

2. That said Committee appoint sub-committees, who shall be invested with such powers for advancing the purpose of their appointment, as the Committee may think proper to confer upon them.

3. That said Executive Committee shall have the power to call meetings of the party, Conventions, &c., and shall have power to appoint, and fill vacancies in, the Democratic and Conservative Electoral ticket for the State, and in the event of another election upon the question of the adoption of the late rejected Constitution, shall indicate the policy to be pursued by the Democratic and Conservative party in such election.

From the Columbus Sun & Times.

Military Despotism, or Mode of Obtaining "Satisfactory" Evidence.

Soon after our prisoners were sent off to Atlanta yesterday morning, a military squad came out to my house and compelled seven colored servants and children to accompany them to headquarters, where they were severely examined as to their knowledge of Dr. Kirksey's whereabouts on the night of Ashburn's murder, and what they have since heard the Dr. say about it, &c.—So far all right; but when a witness did not tell enough to suit them, the gentleman examining would accuse them of lying, saying they had a fortune teller who had told them all about it and what they knew, and threatened them with a shaved head, a ball and chain, and being at once sent to Fort Pulaski or Tortugas? Such the evidence, and such the means of obtaining it, (of freedom) with which military despotism is seeking to convict respectable citizens of a most heinous crime: offering rewards of thousands of dollars to the capitivity of one class, and threats of punishment, by being sent a long way from home, shaved heads and manacles, to the other.

Rowen, P. Shepherd.

Wynnton, June 4, 1868.

We can not give expression to the indignation excited by this late invention of the military authorities to wreak their own and vengeance of their radical masters upon peaceable and unoffending citizens. The assertion made by us a few days since, that the lives and liberties of the citizens of this place were at the mercy of vagabonds and suborned perjurers, has been fully verified.

The feeling of insecurity inspired by this action cannot be described. There is no telling when any lady or gentleman in this community may be hurried under guard to a military dungeon, and be sentenced to death or imprisonment upon testimony manufactured by process of threats and bribes to suit the taste of a Military Commission which may sit elsewhere.

It is highly probable that every household has in it a spy of the "loyal league," patiently catching up the table talk, to report at headquarters.

It seems that we are to have the Spanish Inquisition revived in our midst, and if money, threats, shaving of heads, balls and chains, the dungeons of Pulaski and Dry Tortugas, are not sufficient to secure victims for Radical hate and vengeance, that the back and gag, the rack, thumb screws, hot plates, &c., will be called into requisition to force out lies upon which innocent men and women may be put to death.

We can not trust ourselves to denounce in terms deserving this infamous and barbarous proceeding. The simple recital of it is more than sufficient to curdle the blood of any one who carries within his breast the slightest spark of manly and honorable feeling.

In 1854 a soldier of the 16th New York Infantry died and was buried at New Creek, Mineral county, West Virginia. After the funeral, a dog the poor fellow had owned was missed, and the next burial party found the faithful animal lying upon the grave of his master. No peaceful means could induce him to leave his chosen post, excepting intervals for food; and he kept watch there for nearly three years. Recently the bodies buried at New Creek were taken up and removed to the National Cemetery at Gratton, the transfer being made by railroad. The dog fled to the woods when the men began the work of removal, and a few days afterward made his appearance at the Gratton Cemetery, hank and starved by the long journey over the mountains, by some instinct found the new grave of his master, and resumed his self-appointed duty of watching it. The story has a fishy odor, but the Wheeling Intelligencer says it is unadorned by respectable authority.

A letter safely reached its destination in Iowa, with this indorsement: There is a ten-dollar bill folded in this letter, and if you want it worse than my nothing does, take it.

Rust in Wheat.

To wheat growers, scarcely any subject can be more interesting than the inquiry into the causes which produce that fatal blight, called rust, in wheat. Nor could any discovery be more useful than that of a certain specific against this blight. A Delaware correspondent of the Rural Gentleman gives his experience as to how:

Some years ago, having several bushels of wood ashes on hand, I determined to try an experiment, by spreading these ashes upon my wheat. Accordingly, when the wheat was beginning to joint, and when there was a slight mist, I directed my laborer to spread, with the hand, the ashes upon my wheat, at the rate of perhaps eight bushels to the acre. It came on to rain too hard for him to continue this labor, and he left off spreading these ashes in the middle of a land. The rust was general and fatal that year in my neighborhood, and my wheat, where the ashes had not fallen, as well as the wheat in the neighborhood, was much injured by this disease, as to be hardly worth saving; but I remarked, with surprise and pleasure, that wherever the ashes had fallen upon the wheat, even up to the middle of the land, where the labor was discontinued, my wheat was splendid, the stems being strong, vigorous, and of a bright color, and taller by several inches than where the ashes had not been sown, whilst the heads were heavy and full, and the grain perfect. Here, then, beyond question, was an experiment perfectly satisfactory—invaluable, indeed, in its results.

Now, as to the effects of aches upon wheat, they have, like Shakespeare's "cherry sack," a "three-fold operation":

1. The ashes operate as a manure upon the wheat, even in the limited quantity of eight bushels per acre.

2. They push the wheat forward several days, and in time to escape the hot, sultry days which often prevail about the time of the "heading out" of the wheat; and

3. They strengthen the stem, giving it substance and solidity.

I may add one or two more properties of the ashes, beyond the "cherry sack," they afford just that kind of protection, or food, which is best for the development and perfection of the grain, and will, in my opinion, also prevent the ravages of the fly in wheat. I would here venture the remark, that whoever once tries this experiment upon his wheat, as above indicated, will, in so doing, he will effectually guard against and prevent "the rust" in his wheat.

Excursion Party.

Another excursion party came down the River a few days ago, on the beautiful little steamer *Blowach* and spent the day at our popular Summer resort, Black Creek Falls. They were highly delighted with the treatment received on board the *Blowach* and at the Falls.

Col. Moore knows well how to make a day delightful to the young people, and we hope that he may continue to receive the visits of excursionists during the entire Summer. After the establishment of our daily stage line, Jacksonville might send a party of twenty or thirty—*Golden Times*.

A man proposes to stake the President of Niagara Falls in a Life Boat.

From the Detroit Free Press.

Since the days of the *Blouin* fiasco, when men and women stood aghast at the fortuitous during of the great rope-walker, in the performance of his remarkable feat at Niagara Falls, no such excitement has been known.

A project has recently been started, however, which, if carried into execution, will eclipse any feat of daring ever yet attempted.

Charles Oakford, of this city, the sixty-hour elater, has conceived the idea of making the perilous passage over the Falls of Niagara in an inflatable life boat of peculiar construction.

A few weeks ago the idea suggested itself to his mind, and upon consulting it to some Eastern gentlemen, it was proposed by them that a purse of \$3,000 be raised to induce him to make the undertaking. He accordingly projected his scheme and the contract for building the boat has been let to the Goodyear Rubber Company for \$1,000.

The boat will be an oblong, with a mean diameter of eight feet, six inches thick at the top, and sides and three feet thick at the bottom. A shaft of the same material will extend from side to side in the centre, on which will be swung a pivot seat, to which an adventurous occupant will be fastened. Opening at the top will be an aperture sufficiently large for him to get inside, after which it will be filled with air and closed up. It is calculated that sufficient air can be retained to sustain life about twenty minutes. A small cable will be attached to the ball by which it will be towed after the descent shall have been made, for which purpose parties will be stationed in boats immediately below the falls.

The model of this novel craft is now in this city, and there is no doubt that the attempt to carry this startling project into execution will be made during the present season. Mr. Oakford is quite confident that he shall succeed, but the chances for success certainly look dubious. Should he succeed, Mr. Sydney Doty, of Pontiac, will also undertake the same feat.

Letters from Conservative public men in Virginia announce that the Reconstruction Constitution, in that State, will be defeated by at least 20,000 majority.

Col. St. Leger Grenfell.—The escape of this dashing Englishman from the Dry Tortugas was announced some weeks since, and it was supposed he had perished at sea. The *Mobile Register* states that his voyage was made in safety, and that a letter had been received from him in Havana, sending his thanks and acknowledgements for kind treatment to some of the army officers at Tortugas, and stating that he was just about to sail for old England.

Great Bargains

ARE NOW OFFERED

By J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

In the Exchange of BACON and GROCERIES FOR

Wheat

And other articles of PRODUCE.

Bring on your Wheat without delay and avail yourselves of the advantages offered before the opportunity is withdrawn.

June 14, 1868.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County,

June 11, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Samuel C. Kelly, Executor of the Estate of Sims Kelly, deceased, and presents and files in court his petition in writing, representing that his testator, Sims Kelly, deceased, died seized and possessed of a large Tract of Land, lying and being in said county of Calhoun, and known and distinguished as the North half of section 33, and also the north east fourth of the south west fourth of said section 33; also the south east fourth of the north west fourth of section 28; and the east half of the south west fourth of said section 28; also the east half of the north east fourth of section 22, all in Township 14 of Range 8 east in the Coosa Land District, and containing about 240 acres.

And said Executor further states, that his said testator died in his will, that all of said lands be sold together, and the proceeds of the sale of the same, divided among certain of his heirs, &c., and he now asks that an order be passed by this court, he may, authorizing him to sell said lands, in accordance with the directions of the will of his said testator.

Said Executor further states, that Albert G. Kelly, and J. G. Kelly, both of whom are named in the will of his said testator, as his heirs, and the now asks that an order be passed by this court, he may, authorizing him to sell said lands, in accordance with the directions of the will of his said testator.

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POETRY.

"The Old Farmer"

BY FRANK M. BAKER.

I've been, dear George, "our old place,"

Where you and I were born,

But meeting no familiar face,

It made me feel forlorn.

Where father tilled, now strangers till,—

Our father's house is not;

A stranger's home stands on the hill

Where stood our humble cot.

The old red barn is torn away—

A new one stands there now—

What fun we've had in that old hay!

What frolics in the mow!

The old well-sweep has disappeared,

Instead there is a pump;

The farm how changed! The land we cleared,

Is now without a stump.

And those "back acres" where we mowed,

(Back-achers true they were),

A boy upon a mower rode.

And cut, while we were there.

The rattling reaper rapid run

The waving grain around,

Where erst beneath the brooding sun

Our cradles oft we swung.

Those resplendent, dear George, have truly hung

Our cradles 'neath the shade!

The only cradle now-day swing

Is where the baby's laid.

Our mother's grave, dear George, I sought,

There wept—I know not why;

I felt the changes years have wrought

On all—on you and I.

One of the results of the radical

inquisition into the motives of Senators

in their votes on the impeachment matter

has been the development of

the fact that Senator Pomeroy did offer

to sell his vote to the friends of the

President, and that the offer was re-

jected. It seems to be an old trick of

this model radical leader. The Leaven-

worth (Kansas) Conservative says:—

"Times

"Pomeroy and his brother-in-law

have been in this business of buying

and selling before. The first adventure

of this kind in Kansas was in the Legis-

lature of 1861, when he purchased

forty-nine Republican members to vote

for him for Senator, over Marcus J.

Parrott, and paid them out of the mo-

ney deposited with him by the generous

people of the East to purchase food

and raiment for the starving poor of

Kansas. Men are now living in Kan-

sas who know about the amount paid to

each member, and who saw a portion of

the money paid to the purchased. It

appears he is not now in the purchas-

ing line; he is occupying the role of

salesman!"

JOSEPH BROWN ABROAD.—The infamy

which attaches to Joseph Brown in

Georgia, follows him wherever he

goes. A few days since, says the

Columbus Sun, we copied a piece from

a Chicago journal announcing him as

an object of "mingled scorn and con-

tempt," even in that modern Sodom.

We now take pleasure in presenting

to our readers the following striking and

faithful pen photograph of him, taken

from a late number of Louisville Cour-

ier. That journal says:

He is an illustrious specimen of that

unprincipled class of white men in the

South, who, for the basest purposes and

for personal aggrandizement, united

with the carpet-baggers who poured

down from the North to get the control

of the negro element, and ride upon it

into power. Cold, selfish, unscrupu-

lous, and utterly regardless of every

interest not personal to himself, he has

pursued his shameful course for the

past three years, until he finds himself

FEMALE DELIGHT.

English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters

Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints

It satisfies old and young
It satisfies old and young
It satisfies old and young
It satisfies old and young

For Painful Menstruation
For Suppressed Menstruation
For Profuse Menstruation
For Leucorrhoea or Whites

For Falling of the Womb
It delights Husband and Wife
It delights Husband and Wife
It delights Husband and Wife

As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator

Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Adds Strength and gives Beauty

Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians

For Chills and Fever
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of chills
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of chills
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of chills

Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of chills
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of chills
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of chills
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of chills

It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures

For all forms of chills and Fever
For all forms of chills and Fever
For all forms of chills and Fever
For all forms of chills and Fever

Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
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Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
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Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
Buy Anygaline Pectoral
Buy Anygaline Pectoral
Buy Anygaline Pectoral
Buy Anygaline Pectoral

Relieves coughs and pain
Relieves coughs and pain
Relieves coughs and pain
Relieves coughs and pain

For croup and Whooping cough
For croup and Whooping cough
For croup and Whooping cough
For croup and Whooping cough

The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known

FOR YOUR KIDNEYS.
Use Ext. Bearberry, cubels and Buchu
Use Ext. Bearberry, cubels and Buchu
Use Ext. Bearberry, cubels and Buchu
Use Ext. Bearberry, cubels and Buchu

Never fails in Kidney Diseases
Never fails in Kidney Diseases
Never fails in Kidney Diseases
Never fails in Kidney Diseases

For Gravel and Urinary Deposits
For Gravel and Urinary Deposits
For Gravel and Urinary Deposits
For Gravel and Urinary Deposits

Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine

Cures Weak Back and Gleet
Cures Weak Back and Gleet
Cures Weak Back and Gleet
Cures Weak Back and Gleet

Cures frequent desire to Urinate
Cures frequent desire to Urinate
Cures frequent desire to Urinate
Cures frequent desire to Urinate

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.
With Constitutional Monarch
With Constitutional Monarch
With Constitutional Monarch
With Constitutional Monarch

Removes all Impurities
Removes all Impurities
Removes all Impurities
Removes all Impurities

Use Great Southern Preparations
Use Great Southern Preparations
Use Great Southern Preparations
Use Great Southern Preparations

J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.,
Proprietors, Memphis, Tenn.

Sold Wholesale by
Edwin Morris & Co., Louisville, Ky.

I. C. Dufosse & Co., Mobile, Ala.
BARNES, WARD & Co., New Orleans, La.

Also for sale in JACKSONVILLE at the
Drug Store. Mar. 1868.

And by Druggists everywhere.

NEW GOODS.
JOHN D. HOKE

IS receiving, and will continue to receive
from New York and other markets, a stock
of Goods suited to the Spring and Summer
Trade.

Long experience, and the assistance of first
class merchants in the importing cities, will
enable him to give good bargains to his cus-

tomers.
Besides the usual articles kept in country
stores, he keeps an assortment of

Het Anker Bolted Cloths,
Hoe's C.S. Mill Saws & Screen
Wire.

If you want the value of your green-backs
called upon him.

JNO. D. HOKE.
Jacksonville, Ala.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and
DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and cor-

rectly printed, for sale by the quire
or single copy, at this office. Also
every description of Blanks for Jus-

tices of the Peace.

SMITH & RIDDLE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS,

Hardware and
Commission Merchants.

WE are now receiving and will continue
to receive fresh lots of Groceries and
Plantation Supplies

Every week, which they offer to Planters and
Country Merchants at as low figures as can
be bought in the up country. Call and ex-

amine before purchasing elsewhere.
We are prepared to pay tax on Cotton con-

signed to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile,
New Orleans or New York.
Will soon have a large Ware-house com-

pleted in rear of our building for storing
Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867—6m.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,
(Successor to N. D. JONSON & Co.)

RECEIVING
AND
Forwarding Merchant,
Selma, Alabama.

Ware House and Wharf at
the terminus of the Alabama
& Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.

Cotton or Merchandise of any description
Consigned to this House will be forwarded
promptly and as low as through any house in
Selma. Feb. 16, 1867—tf.

H. W. Luttrell, In Chancery
vs. Jas. Lea, with W. Cro-

zier & Benj. Johnson, Chancery Division of
Alabama.

IN this cause it is made to appear to the
Register, by affidavit of Complaintant,
that two of the said Defendants, James Lea

and W. Crozier, who are of lawful age, are
non-residents of this State and reside in the
town of Starkville, Lamar county State of
Texas.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that
publication be made in this Jacksonville Re-

publican, a Newspaper published in the town
of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive
weeks, requiring them the said non-resident

Defendants, to answer or demur to the bill
of complaint in this cause by the 15th day
of June, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days there-

after a decree pro confesso will be taken
against them.
Done at office this 25th day of April, A.
D. 1868.

WM. M. HANES, Register, &c.
May 2, 1868.—4t.—\$11 15.

BOWEN & HOOPER,
Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN

Western Produce.
Corner Water and Washing-
ton Streets, directly op-
posite the "Trump House."

Are now opening a full and complete as-
sortment of Groceries and Western Produce,
which they offer in Packages or at Retail at
the lowest market rates.

Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other
Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, re-

spectfully solicited, and faithfully and prompt-

ly attended to.
Thankful for former favors, they will be
happy to again meet their old friends, and
ask a fair share of patronage from the public
generally.

BOWEN & HOOPER.
August 24, 1867—1y.

THE OLD
"JACKSONVILLE HOTEL,"
BY

J. D. HAMMOND.
I respectfully announce to the trav-

eling public, and citizens of the
Town and Country generally, that I
am still keeping this House. I shall en-

deavor to have my table furnished with every
thing this city and the country afford. Having
purchased my supplies for the year very
low, I feel confident I can board as cheap as
the cheapest. Being determined to spare nei-

ther capital nor pains to give satisfaction, I
solicit a liberal share of patronage.
There is a good Livery Stable con-

nected with this House, plentifully furnished
to take care of horses and supplied with var-

ious conveniences for travellers for the usual
routes.
J. D. HAMMOND.
Jacksonville, Jan. 11, 1868.

Economy & Home Industry.
SAVE YOUR RAGS!

THE CHICKASAWBOGUE MANU-
FACTURING COMPANY

ARE now prepared to purchase GOOD
CLEAN COTTON and LINEN RAGS in
any quantity, and to pay for them the

Highest Market Price in Cash.
They have established a Depot at No. 51
North Water street for the receipt and storage

of Rags and Paper stock of all sorts, under
the immediate charge of Capt. Thomas Bates,
who is authorized to pay a liberal price for

all stock required for the Company's Mills,
and brought him in suitable condition.
Rags may be either white, colored or mixed,
but they must be free of woollens, clean and

well handled.
Dealers in paper stock in the city and in-

terior will find it to their advantage to com-

municate with us before disposing of their stock
elsewhere.
Newspapers will advance their own inter-

ests by lending their influence to secure the
saving and collection of all the rags to be
found in their respective localities. We will
credit them in exchange for paper at liberal

rates for all the merchantable rags they may
send us.
Rags sent by the rivers and Great North-

ern Railroad, should be addressed to the Com-

DRUGS, DRUGS.

P. L. TURNLEY,
(Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)

Announces to the public that
he has and is receiving a very
superior stock of Drugs, medi-

cines, chemicals, Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes,
Oils, Lamps, also Clover and
Grass Seeds of all kinds and feels

confident that he can please all
of his Alabama Customers and
Friends that will call on him or
send their orders. Recollect he

may be found at his old commodious stand
No. 3, under the Choice Hotel, Rome, Ga.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Cathoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, May 18th,
A. D. 1868.

THIS day came W. F. Hanna, adm'r of the
Estate of J. Williams Hanna, and
tenders his resignation, as such adminis-

trator, accompanied with his accounts & vouch-
ers for a final settlement of his administration
of said estate. It is thereupon ordered by the
court, that the 16th day of June, A. D. 1868,

be set for hearing said application and mak-

ing said final settlement; and that notice
thereof be given by publication in the Jack-

sonville Republican, a newspaper published in
said county, for three successive weeks pri-

or to said day, as a notice to all persons con-

cerned, to be heard and appear at a special term
of said court to be held at the court house of
said county on said 16th day of June, 1868,

and contest said account, if they think proper.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 23, 1868—3t.

AYER & HILLS,
DEALERS IN

HARDWARE
AND
AGRICULTURAL
IMPLEMENTS,
ROME, GA.

Agents for
BUCKEYE & WOOD'S
MOWERS & REAPERS.

PITTS, SWEEPSTAKES & KENTUCKY
Thrashers and Cleaners,
RAILWAY & LEVER HOUSE POWERS,
Grain Drills, Horse Rakes
and Riding Plows.

Victor Case Mills & Evapor-
ators, Corn Shellers, Feed
Cutters, &c. &c.

Orders filled promptly for any Ma-
chine in use, at Factory Prices, with freight
added.

Full descriptions of Machines to be had on
application.
May 16, 1868.—4t.

TIN-WARE
For Sale by
WOODWARD & SON.

HOW TO GET RICH or
"The Road to Wealth."

Just Published—A NEW BOOK, by a Young
Man, who commenced business with a capital
of but \$15, and attained in five years the
handsome fortune of 40,000. This book con-

tains information by which a sufficiency of
this world's goods may be obtained in a fair
and legal manner. It also shows the other
side of the picture—that of the numerous
scams and dodges whereby thousands are

yearly becoming wealthy without labor;
together with information for the manufac-
ture of articles which meet with a ready sale
at all seasons of the year, whereby any one
can clear at least \$5,000 annually. Also 150 se-

crets of business, never before published. We
cannot attempt to give a full description of
the contents, but suffice to say that it opens
an avenue to all which, pursued, will surely
lead to wealth. Young men, out of employ-

ment, don't fail to secure a copy of this work;
you will never regret your investment.
Price, \$1. Address:
E. B. TAYLOR & SON, Meriden, Conn.

MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

DAILY AND WEEKLY
A JOURNAL FOR THE FARMER
THE BUSINESS MAN, POLI-
TICIAN, AND FAMILY
CIRCLE.

TERMS:
DAILY, One Year \$10 00
" Six Months 5 00
" Three Months 2 50
" One Month 1 00

WEEKLY, One Year 4 00
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" Three Months 1 00
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Six copies twelve mo.
sent to one Postoffice
address 20 00

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Clubs received for six months at
the above rates.

All Subscriptions are payable
strictly in advance.

Remittances may be made at our
risk, when sent by Express, in Postoffice
Money order, or in Registered Letter.

W. W. SCREWS,
Montgomery, Ala.

PAINTING.
Mrs. A. T. FARQUAR

Will be glad to receive orders in any
style of portraits, from small cabinet
up to life size, embracing, Vignette, Bust, &
Full Length. She will colour in water,
chalk and oil, according to the taste of her
patrons.

Photographs coloured in any of the above
styles, at prices adapted to the present crisis.
Mrs. F. for the last few years has been as-

sociated with Mr. James Whitehorn, a regu-
lar member of the New York Academy of
Design, as an Associate Artist, and she re-

solves to him for her ability to perform what she
professes, and who will give sittings to any
of her pictures if required. His studio is
506, Room 8, Broadway, N. Y.

Lessons will be given in Drawing and
Painting.
N. B. When sittings cannot be had, Pic-

tures will be faithfully executed from Da-
guerreotypes, Ambrotypes and Photograp-

PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, N. C.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood-
ward's Store. June 18, 1868

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxu-
riant growth of hair upon a bald head or
beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the
skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beau-

tiful, can be obtained without charge by ad-
dressing
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
823 Broadway,
New York.

S. & T. J. MORGAN,
GROCERY

Jacksonville Republican.

VOL. 32.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 20, 1868.

WHOLE NO. 1628.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY

SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. GRANT.
LAW CARDS.

J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the

practice of Law, will practice together,

except in criminal cases, in the counties,

Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph,

Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1868.

H. L. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Calhoun

and adjoining Counties, and give

prompt and faithful attention to all business

confided to his care. Oct. 19, 1867.—1y

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.

H. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law

AND

Solicitors in Chancery

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Cal-

houn, Talladega, Randolph, Chelanee,

Cherokee, Blount, DeKalb, and in the U. S.

Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S.

District Court, Northern and Middle Divisions

of Alabama.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT,

Gadsden, Alabama.

WILL practice in Barne and adjoining

counties. Special attention given to

the filing of petitions in Bankruptcy. Will

prosecute claims against the Government for

Bounty, Back pay, &c.

Office—Probate Office Building.

JOHN W. INZER LEROY F. BOX.

INZER & BOX,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitors in Chancery.

ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St.

Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby,

Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Mar-

shall; also in the Superior Court of the State

Prompt attention given.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun,

Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Chero-

kee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the

State. Dec. 22d, 1865.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

M. J. TURNLEY, GEORGE ISBELL TURNLEY.

TURNLEY & SON,

Attorneys at Law

AND

Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

HAVE all necessary Blanks, and are ready

to file applications for all who desire re-

lief under the Bankrupt Act of 1867.

They will attend the Bankrupt Courts held

by the Register, at Gadsden, Lebanon and

Centee—and may be consulted at their office

in Jacksonville, where one of them may al-

ways be found.

Nov. 9, 1867.

NEW HOTEL

IN JACKSONVILLE.

The undersigned respectfully in-

forms his friends and the public gen-

erally that he has opened a HOTEL

in the large and commodious Brick Building

on the north-east corner of the public square,

which was built and fitted up expressly for

that purpose. His table will be furnished

with the best that the market affords, and

no expense or effort spared for the comfort

and convenience of his patrons.

Permanent boarders will be taken at fifteen

dollars per month; and transient customers

at corresponding reasonable rates.

S. D. McCLELEN.

Jan. 4, 1868.

ERRORS OF YOUTH

A Gentleman who suffered for years from

Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all

the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for

the sake of suffering humanity, send free to

all who need it, the recipe and directions for

making the simple remedy by which he was

cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the ad-

vertiser's experience, can do so by addressing,

in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,

42 Cedar Street, New York.

J. C. Francis, Jr.

ALABAMA.

Baskerville, Sherman & Co.

Wholesale Grocers,

AND

Commission Merchants,

260 Canal Street,

New York.

J. M. ELLIOTT, W. S. COTHRAN, E. R. SMITH

J. M. Elliott & Co.,

WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION

MERCHANTS

Rome, Ga.

Also Agents for the Steamboat Line on the

Coosa River. J. M. ELLIOTT & CO.

March 21, '68.

Coosa River Steamboat Mail

Line.

FREIGHTS REDUCED!

Via Charleston, S. C., & Rome, Ga.

For Spring of 1868

PER STEAMERS

From New York. From Baltimore.

1st Class, \$2 50 \$2 10

2d Class, 2 18 1 53

3d Class, 1 50 1 05

4th Class, 1 04 1 39

5th Class, 1 34 1 31

Directions to Shippers of Goods.

Mark via Charleston, care of J. M.

ELLIOTT & CO., Agents, Rome, Ga.

and Greensport, Ala.

All Through Freighters can be paid to

JOHN C. ALLEN & CO. on delivery

of Goods at Greensport.

N. B.—Steamers leave Rome every

Tuesday and Saturday, at 7 A. M.;

leave Greensport every Wednesday at 7

A. M.; leave Gadsden every Sunday at

7 A. M. Arrive at Rome every

Thursday and Monday.

J. M. ELLIOTT.

General Supt. Steamboat Line.

C. M. PENNINGTON, Eng. & Sup. R.R.R.

J. B. PECK, M. T. W. & A. R. R.

R. W. COLE, Gen. Supt. Ga. R. R.

H. T. PEAKE, Supt. S. C. R. R.

Rome, Ga., March 10th, 1868.—1m.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, April 28,

A. D. 1868.

At this term of the court came Wm. M.

A. Hughes, Administrator of Langford

Hughes deceased, and filed in court his peti-

tion in writing, representing among other

things, that his intestate died seized and

possessed of the following described lands, to-

wit: and being situated in said county, to-wit:

Beginning at the creek on the Township line,

hence to the dividing line in section thirty-

four, thence north, to the north-west corner

of the field, thence west to the creek includ-

ing the field fence, thence including the

creek to the beginning corner on the town-

ship line, being part and parcel of section 34,

thirty-four, township 15, fifteen of range 9,

aine, containing seventy acres, more or less.

Said Administrator further represents, that

said Land cannot be equally, fairly and ben-

eficially divided among the heirs of said Es-

Birdie in the Home Nest.

Have you not forgotten some one?

The child had risen from her knees,

and lifted her soft brown eyes to her

mother's face.

Have you not forgotten some one?

A shade of thought fell over the

child's countenance, as her mother, al-

most a child herself, gravely repeated

the question.

Who, mamma? she asked; then, be-

fore her mother could reply, she said:

Ah, yes, I did forget, and dropping

on her knees, clasped her dimpled hands,

and with shut eyes, and face upturned,

spoke these words to our Father in

Heaven:

Bless dear papa, and make him good

and happy.

As the young mother kissed her dar-

ling, she shut her eyelids lightly to

keep the tears from falling over her

cheeks.

You must never forget dear papa,

said the mother. It was only by an

effort that she was able to speak with

a steady voice, for her heart was moved

by some strong feeling that she wished

to hide.

I won't again answer the child,

and then added, I don't know what

made me forget. I always do pray for

him. Oh, I wish he were here to kiss

me before I go to sleep. Tell him to

kiss me when he comes home—won't

you mamma? May he tell me it in

my dreams.

The mother's shut lids would hold

the tears no longer. Large round

drops fell on the child's forehead.

O, mother dear! the little one ex-

claimed, throwing her arms about her

mother's neck, what makes you cry?—

Is it because I forgot papa in my pray-

ers? Oh, I'll never forget him again,

I can't tell what made me.

For a little while her arms were

clasped tightly around the child, and

her head held closely against her moth-

er's breast. Then good nights were

said, and good night kisses were ex-

changed. Soon after, the only sound

heard in the room was the soft breath-

ing of a child asleep.

For over an hour the young mother

sat in the still chamber alone with her

little one. Then she went to an ad-

joining room, and sat by an open win-

dow listening to the footsteps that came

and went along the pavement, never

catching the sound for which her quick

ear harkened. Often she sighed; but

she spoke no words of weariness or

complaint.

Another hour passed, when, return-

ing to the room where her child slept,

she undressed herself and lying down

with an arm under the head, and her

cheek against the face of her little one,

was soon lost in slumber.

All was not right with the young

and make him good and happy, and

God who is ever trying to lead erring

children into right ways, heard the

prayer, as he hears all prayers that

true hearts offer up, and answered it in

His own best way.

As the young man held up the glass

of amber-colored wine to the light, he

saw the picture of a kneeling child.—

The face, beautiful as the face of an an-

gel, was tender and very earnest; the

large brown eyes had in them a shade

of sadness. While he looked, the face

and form grew more and more distinct.

He saw the sweet lips move, and heard

them say, as clearly as if the words had

been spoken in his outward ears:

Bless dear papa, and make him good

and happy!

The glass of wine did not touch his

lips.

Not drink to that! exclaimed his

tempter, in surprise, as he saw the un-

tasted wine.

Thank you for the toast, answered

the young man, rising. I must look

to my birdie in the home nest.

And bowing to the company he has-

tily retired. One laughed, one sneered

and another made a coarse jest; while

a fourth said, with a gravity of man-

ner that was felt by the rest as a re-

buke:

Our young friend is right. His

place is at home with his wife, and not

here. And there are some of us, who,

in my opinion, might take a lesson from

his example.

A dead silence followed. One look-

ed at another; and crimson spots burn-

ed on cheeks that had on them no signs

of shame a little while before.

No more wine for me, said the last

speaker, replying to an invitation to fill

his glass.

I have no patience with this kind of

stuff, said one of the company, almost



POETRY.

From the Banner of the South.
At Night.
BY MORRIS.

Dreary, dreary!
Weary, dreary!
Sighs my soul this lonely night.
Farewell gladness!
Welcome sadness!
Vanished are my visions bright!

Stars are shining!
Winds are piping!
In the sky and o'er the sea;
Shine forever
Stars, but never
Does the starlight gladden me.

Stars! you nightly
Sparkle brightly,
Scattered o'er your azure dome;
While earth's turning,
There you're burning—
Beacons of a better home.

Stars! you brighten
And you lighten
Many a heart-grief here below;
But your gleaming,
And your beaming,
Cannot chase away my woe.

Stars! you're shining—
I am pining—
I am dark, but you are bright
Hanging o'er me
And before me
Is a weight you cannot lift.

Night of sorrow,
Whose to-morrow
I may never, never see.
Till upon me
And around me
Dawns a bright eternity.

Winds! you're sighing,
And you're crying,
Like a mourner o'er a tomb:
Wither go ye!
Wither blow ye!
Waiting through the midnight gloom.

Chanting lowly,
Softly, slowly,
Like the voice of one in woe:
Winds so lonely,
Why thus moan ye?
Say, what makes you sorrow so?

Are you grieving
For your leaving
Scenes where all is fair and gay?
For the flowers
In their bowers
You have met with on your way?

For fond faces,
For dear places,
That you've seen as on you swept,
Are you sighing?
Are you crying?
O'er the memories they have left?

Earth is sleeping
While you're swooning
Through night's solemn silence by;
On forever
Pausing never—
How I love to hear you sigh!

Men are dreaming,
Stars are gleaming,
In the far-off heaven's blue;
Jossam's aching,
Musing, waking,
Midnight winds! I sigh with you!

Angela, Ga., May 31st, 1868

A good story is told us of the "fix" some of the Tennessee delegation got into at the Radical Convention at Chicago. Our informant saw and heard what we relate, having been a guest at the same hotel. Blewitt, and little Smith, and five Richards went as white nigger representatives from Memphis—Smith's nose being all right. Ham Carter, or some other black nigger delegate, was also there, and demanded of the office clerk a lodging with the so-called white cusses from Memphis. The clerk protested, and Ham protested too. He said he was as much of a gentleman as any one of that delegation, certain, sure; and that he "was going to room with dem, and no war else." Things looked equally. Blewitt slunk out of the way, Smith hung his mean-looking face between his "itching palms," and little fee had to modify Carter. He did so thusly: "Ham, if I had room for you in my bed, by George you should sleep with me; but they have put me away up in a little caddy in the fifth story! and that, too, on a little cot. You know me well enough to be satisfied that I have no foolish prejudices against sleeping with any nigger—And let me tell you, old fellow, you'd better get a berth while you can. The clerk says he will lodge you with a real Chicago nigger—his head waiter or steward; and if you do not accept the chance, other African gentlemen will be here to-night, as delegates, and gladly take the chance now offered you." Ham caved under the winning ways of the little fee, and the white delegates, so-called, felt relieved. Any one of them would have slept with Carter in Memphis, but they saw so little respect paid to their pets at Chicago that they began to feel ashamed of them.—Memphis Avalanche.

If whisky were a quick instead of a slow poison, it wouldn't kill a fifth part as many as it does.

FEMALE DELIGHT.

English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters

Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints

It satisfies old and young
It satisfies old and young
It satisfies old and young
It satisfies old and young

For Painful Menstruation
For Suppressed Menstruation
For Profuse Menstruation
For Leucorrhoea or Whites

For Falling of the Womb
It delights Husband and Wife
It delights Husband and Wife
It delights Husband and Wife

As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator

Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Adds Strength and gives Beauty

Prepared by Southern Physicians
Prepared by Southern Physicians
Prepared by Southern Physicians
Prepared by Southern Physicians

For Chills and Fever
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of Chills
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of Chills
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of Chills

Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of Chills
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of Chills
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of Chills
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of Chills

It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures

For all forms of Chills and Fever
For all forms of Chills and Fever
For all forms of Chills and Fever
For all forms of Chills and Fever

Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver

Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
Buy Anygaline Pectoral
Buy Anygaline Pectoral
Buy Anygaline Pectoral
Buy Anygaline Pectoral

Relieves coughs and pain
Relieves coughs and pain
Relieves coughs and pain
Relieves coughs and pain

For croup and Whooping cough
For croup and Whooping cough
For croup and Whooping cough
For croup and Whooping cough

The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known

FOR YOUR KIDNEYS.
Use Ext. Bearberry, cubels and Buchu
Use Ext. Bearberry, cubels and Buchu
Use Ext. Bearberry, cubels and Buchu
Use Ext. Bearberry, cubels and Buchu

Never fails in Kidney Diseases
Never fails in Kidney Diseases
Never fails in Kidney Diseases
Never fails in Kidney Diseases

For Gravel and Urinary Deposits
For Gravel and Urinary Deposits
For Gravel and Urinary Deposits
For Gravel and Urinary Deposits

Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine

Cures Weak Back and Gleet
Cures Weak Back and Gleet
Cures Weak Back and Gleet
Cures Weak Back and Gleet

Cures frequent desire to Urinate
Cures frequent desire to Urinate
Cures frequent desire to Urinate
Cures frequent desire to Urinate

With Constitutional Monarch
With Constitutional Monarch
With Constitutional Monarch
With Constitutional Monarch

Removes all Impurities
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Use Great Southern Preparations
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J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.
Proprietors, Memphis, Tenn.

Sold Wholesale by
Edwards Morris & Co., Louisville, Ky.

L. C. DeBross & Co., Mobile, Ala.
Barnes, Ward & Co., New Orleans, La.

Also for sale in JACKSONVILLE at the
Drug Store, Mar. 1868.

And by Druggists everywhere.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN D. HOKE

IS receiving, and will continue to receive
from New York and other markets, a stock
of Goods suited to the Spring and Summer
Trade.

Long experience, and the assistance of
class merchants in the importing cities, will
enable him to give good bargains to his
customers.

Besides the usual articles kept in country
stores, he keeps an assortment of

Hot Anker Boiling Cloths,
Hoe's C. S. Mill Saws & Screen
Wire.

If you want the value of your green-backs
call upon him.

JNO. D. HOKE,
Jacksonville, Ala.

May 2, '68.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and
DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and
correctly printed, for sale by the
single copy, at this office. Also
every description of Blanks for
Justices of the Peace.

SMITH & RIDDLE. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, Hardware and Commission Merchants.

WE are now receiving and will continue
to receive fresh lots of Groceries and
Plantation Supplies

Every week, which they offer to Planters and
Country Merchants at as low figures as can
be bought in the up country. Call and ex-
amine before purchasing elsewhere.

We are prepared to pay tax on Cotton con-
signed to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile,
New Orleans or New York.

Will soon have a large Ware-house com-
pleted in rear of our building for storing
Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867—Jan.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,
(Successor to N. D. JONSSON & Co.)

RECEIVING
AND
Forwarding Merchant,
Selma, Alabama.

Ware House and Wharf at the
terminus of the Alabama
& Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.

Cotton or Merchandise of any description
Consigned to this House will be forwarded
promptly and as low as through any house in
Selma. Feb. 13, 1867—Jan.

H. W. Luttrell,)
Jas. Lea, L. W. Cro-)
zier & Benj. Johnson)
14th Dist., Northern
Chancery Division of
Alabama.

IN this cause it is made to appear to the
Register, by affidavit of Complaintant,
that two of the said Defendants, James Lea
L. W. Crozier, who are of lawful age, are
non-residents of this State and reside in the
town of Starkville, Lamar county State of
Texas.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that
publication be made in the Jacksonville Re-
publican, a Newspaper published in the town
of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive
weeks, requiring them to answer or demur to the bill
of complaint in this cause by the 15th day
of June, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days there-
after a decree pro confesso will be taken a-
gainst them.

Done at office this 25th day of April, A.
D. 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c.
May 2, 1868.—4t.—\$11 15.

BOWEN & HOOPER,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Western Produce.

Corner Water and Washing-
ton Streets, directly oppo-
site the "Tramp House."

Are now opening a full and complete as-
sortment of Groceries and Western Produce,
which they offer in Packages or at Retail at
the lowest market rates.

Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other
Produce, for storage, sale, or shipment, re-
spectfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly
attended to.

Thankful for former favors, they will be
happy to again meet their old friends, and
ask a fair share of patronage from the public
generally.

BOWEN & HOOPER.
August 24, 1867—ly.

THE OLD
"JACKSONVILLE HOTEL,"
BY
J. D. HAMMOND.

I respectfully announce to the trav-
elling public, and citizens of the
Town and Country generally, that I
am still keeping this House. I shall endeavor
to have my table furnished with every
thing this and the city markets afford. Having
purchased my supplies for the year very
low, I feel confident I can heartily say, *as cheap as
the market.* Being determined to secure their
capital no pains to give satisfaction, I
solicit a liberal share of patronage.

There is a good Livery Stable con-
nected with this House, plentifully furnished
to take care of horses; and supplied with
various conveniences for travellers of the usual
routes.

J. D. HAMMOND.
Jacksonville, Jan. 11, 1868.

Economy & Home Industry.
SAVE YOUR RAGS!

THE CHICKASAWBOGUE MANU-
FACTURING COMPANY

ARE now prepared to purchase GOOD
CLEAN COTTON and LINEN RAGS
in any quantity, and to pay for them the
Highest Market Price in Cash.

They have established a Depot at No. 51
North Water street, for the receipt and storage
of Rags and Paper stock of all sorts, under
the immediate charge of Capt. Thomas Bass,
who is authorized to pay a liberal price for
all stock required for the Company's Mills,
and brought him in suitable condition.

Rags may be either white, colored or mixed,
but they must be free of woollens, clean and
well washed.

Dealers in paper stock in the city and in-
terior will find it to their advantage to com-
municate with us before disposing of their
stock elsewhere.

Newspapers will advance their own inter-
ests by lending their customers to secure the
savings and collection of all the rags to be
found in their respective localities. We will
credit them in exchange for paper at liberal
rates for all the merchantable rags they may
send us.

Rags sent by the river and Great North-
ern Railroad, should be addressed to the Com-
pany at Mobile.

All shipments by the Mobile and Old
Railroad should be directed to Beaver Head-
quarters, the location of the Company's
Works.

For further information apply to the
Company's Depot, No. 51, North Water street,
or to the undersigned, in person or by let-
ter, at the Office of the Advertiser and Reg-
ister.

W. G. CLARE, President.

All newspapers publishing this advertise-
ment one month and calling attention to
it will receive credit for the same at their
regular rates, payable in paper as soon as the
Mills get into full operation. Feb. 1.

J. G. BELL & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET,
ZELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the Sale & Ship-
ment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully
solicited.

Sept. 8, 1868.

DRUGS, DRUGS.

P. L. TURNLEY,
(Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)
Announces to the public that
he has and is receiving a very
superior stock of Drugs, medi-
cines, chemicals, Pains, Oils,
Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes,
Oils, Lamps, also Clover and
Grass Seeds of all kinds and feels
confident that he can please all
of his Alabama Customers and
Friends that will call on him or
send their orders. Recollect he
may be found at his old commodious stand
No. 3, under the Choice Hotel, Rome, Ga.

"THE STATE OF ALABAMA,"
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, May 18th,
A. D. 1868.

THIS day came W. F. Hanna, adm'r of the
Estate of J. Williams Hanna, dec., and
tenders his resignation as such administra-
tor, accompanied with his account, and ven-
chers for a final settlement of his administration
of said estate. It is thereupon ordered by the
court, that the 10th day of June, A. D. 1868,
be set for hearing said application and mak-
ing said final settlement; and that notice
thereof be given by publication in the Jack-
sonville Republican, a newspaper published in
said county, for three successive weeks pre-
ceding the day set for said hearing, to all persons
interested in said estate, to appear at said time
of court to be holden at the court house of
said county on said 10th day of June, 1868,
and contest said account, if they think proper.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

May 23, 1868—4t.

AYER & HILLS,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE
AND
AGRICULTURAL
IMPLEMENTS,
ROCKY, Ga.

Agents for
BUCKEYE & WOODS
MOWERS and REAPERS.
PITS, SWEEPSTAKES & KENTUCKY
Threshers and Cleaners,
RAILWAY & LEVER HORSE POWERS,
Grain Drills, Horse Rakes
and Riding Plows.

Victor Case, Mills & Reapera-
tors, Corn Shellers, Feed
Cutters, &c. &c.

Orders filled promptly for any Ma-
chine in use, at Factory Prices, with freight
added.

Full descriptions of Machines to be had on
application.
May 16, 1868.—4t.

TIN-WARE
For Sale by
WOODWARD & SON.

HOW TO GET RICH OR
"The Road to Wealth."

Just Published—A NEW BOOK, by a Young
Man, who commenced business with a capital
of but \$25, and attained in five years the
handsome fortune of \$40,000. This book con-
tains information by which a sufficiency of
this world's goods may be obtained in a fair
and legal manner. It also shows the other
side of the picture—that of the numerous
schemes and dodges whereby thousands are
yearly becoming wealthy without labor,
together with information for the manufac-
ture of articles which meet with a ready sale
at all seasons of the year, where any one can
clear at least \$5,000 annually. Also 150 ex-
amples of business, never before published. We
cannot attempt to give a full description of
the contents, but suffice to say that it opens
an avenue to all which, pursued, will surely
lead to wealth. Young men, out of employ-
ment, don't fail to take a copy of this work.
You will never regret your investment.—
Price \$1. Address,
E. R. TAYLOR & SON, Merchants, Colum-
bia, Mo.

MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

DAILY AND WEEKLY

A JOURNAL FOR THE FARMER
THE BUSINESS MAN, POLI-
TICIAN, AND FAMILY
CIRCLE.

TERMS:
DAILY, One Year \$10 00
" Six Months 5 00
" Three Months 2 50
" One Month 1 00
WEEKLY, One Year 4 00
" Six Months 2 50
" Three Months 1 50
" One Month 1 00

Six copies twelve mo
sent to one Postoffice
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Clubs received for six months at the
above rates.

All Subscriptions are payable
strictly in advance.

Remittances may be made at our
risk, when sent by Express, in Postoffice
Money order, or in Registered Letter.

W. W. SCREVEN,
Montgomery, Ala.

PORTRAIT
PAINTING.

MRS. A. T. FARQUAR

Will be glad to receive orders in any
style of portraits, from small cabinet
up to life size, embracing, Vignette, Bust,
and Full Length. She will colour in water,
chalk and oil, according to the taste of her
patrons.

Photographs coloured in any of the above
styles, at prices adapted to the present crisis.
Mrs. F. for the last few years has been as-
sociated with Mr. James Whitehorn, a regu-
lar member of the New York Academy of
Design, as an Associate Artist, and she re-
fers to him for her ability to perform what she
professes, and who will give sittings to any
of her pictures if required. His studio is
506, Room 6, Broadway, N. Y.

Lessons will be given in Drawing and
Painting.

N. B. When sittings cannot be had, Pic-
tures will be faithfully executed from
daguerotypes, Ambrotypes and Photographs.

PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)

Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood-
ward's Store. June 16, 1868

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxu-
riant growth of hair upon a bald head or
hairless face, also a recipe for the removal of
Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the
skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beauti-
ful, can be obtained without charge by ad-
dressing
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
823 Broadway,
New York.

S. & T. J. MORGAN,
GROCERY

Commission Merchants,
OXFORD, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assort-
ment of choice Groceries, for sale on the
most reasonable terms.

They are also prepared to pay the
Tax on Cotton and attend to its ship-
ment to the best houses in Selma, Mo-
bile or New Orleans.

Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.

All persons indebted to the old firm of
G. F. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Mor-
gan, are earnestly requested to come forward
and make payment.

THE GREAT CAUSE
OF
HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a Single Envelope. Price
six cents.

A LECTURE on the Natural
Treatment, and Radical Cure of
Scrubbed weakness, or Spermatorrhea,
induced by self-abuse; Involuntary
Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility,
and Impediments to Marriage generally; Con-
sumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Physical
Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CUL-
VERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green
Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admi-
rable Lecture, clearly proves from his own ex-
perience that the awful consequences of self-
abuse may be effectually removed without
medicine, surgery, or dangerous surgical op-
erations, bandages, instruments, rings, or cor-
dons, pointing out a mode of cure at once cer-
tain and effectual, by which every sufferer,
no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a BOON to
thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any
address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or
two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's
"Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address
the publishers.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4, 1868.

MUSIC LESSONS

ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E.
FRANCIS, commencing with the sec-
ond of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Pupils can commence at any time dur-
ing the session, and be charged for the time.
Country Produce at the market price taken
in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '68

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4, 1868.

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,
CONTINUES THE Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
despatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1868.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will
send (free of charge,) to all who desire it, the
prescription with the directions for making
and using the simple remedy by which he
was cured of a long affliction and that dread
disease Consumption. His only object is to
benefit the afflicted and he hopes every suffer-
er will try this prescription, as it will cost
them nothing, and may prove a blessing—
Please address—
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
Williamsburg, New York.

The Polytechnic Academy.

THE first session of the "Polytechnic
Male Academy," will commence in Jack-
sonville, on the 2nd Monday in January,
1868.

Instructor in Math-
ematics, Philosophy &
Military Discipline.

Instructor in Asiat-
ic Modern Languages,
Composition & Elocu-
tion.

Teachers for the Preparatory Department,
and Assistant Instructors will be employed
as the necessities of the Academy may de-
mand.

The second session will commence 4th
Monday in July.

TERMS, per session of 20 weeks, from \$15
to \$30.

BOARD in private families can be ob-
tained at low rates.

Jacksonville Republican

VOL. 32.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 27, 1868.

WHOLE NO. 1629.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

LAW CARDS.

G. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL. **ELLIS & CALDWELL,** Attorneys at Law, and Solicitors in Chancery.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in criminal cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Choctaw and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON, Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery, JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining Counties, and give prompt and faithful attention to all business confided to his care. Particular attention given to the collection of debts. Oct. 19, 1867.—1y

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY. **M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,** Attorneys at Law

AND Solicitors in Chancery General Collecting Agents, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Choctaw, Cherokee, Baldwin, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

JOE. H. FRANCIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND— GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT, Gadsden, Alabama.

WILL practice in Barne and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing of petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c. Office—Probate Office Building, Gadsden, Ala.

JOHN W. INZER, LEROY F. BOX, Attorneys at Law, and Solicitors in Chancery, ASHVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jackson, Blount, Buford, Cherokee & Marshall, also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY, FOSTER & FORNEY, Attorneys at Law, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State. Dec. 23d, 1865.

IN BANKRUPTCY. TURNLEY & SON, Attorneys at Law, and Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

HAVE all necessary Blanks, and are ready to file applications for all who desire relief under the Bankrupt Act of 1867. They will attend the Bankrupt Courts held by the Register, at Gadsden, Lebanon and Centre, and may be consulted at their office in Jacksonville, where one of them may always be found. Nov. 9, 1867.

NEW HOTEL, IN JACKSONVILLE. The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has opened a HOTEL on the north-east corner of the public square, which was built and fitted up expressly for this purpose. His table will be furnished with the best that the market affords, and no expense or effort spared for the comfort and convenience of his patrons. Permanent boarders will be taken at fifteen dollars per month; and transient customers at corresponding reasonable rates. S. D. McCLELEN. Jan. 4, 1868.

ERRORS OF YOUTH. A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar Street, New York.

J. C. Francis, Jr. ALABAMA.

Baskerville, Sherman & Co. Wholesale Grocers, AND Commission Merchants, 260 Canal Street, New York.

J. M. ELLIOTT, W. S. COTHRAN, E. R. SMITH. **J. M. ELLIOTT & Co.,** WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Rome, Ga.

Also Agents for the Steamboat Line on the Coosa River. J. M. ELLIOTT & Co. March 21, '68.

Coosa River Steamboat Mail Line. FREIGHTS REDUCED! Via Charleston, S. C., & Rome, Ga. For Spring of 1868 PER STEAMERS

Elowah and **Undine.** Great Through Freight Line FROM NEW YORK & BALTIMORE TO GREENSBORO, AIA.

THROUGH RATES TO GREENSBORO, From New York. From Baltimore. 1st Class, \$2 50 \$2 10 2d Class, 2 15 1 85 3d Class, 1 90 1 65 4th Class, 1 64 1 49 5th Class, 1 34 1 24

Directions to Shippers of Goods. Mark via Charleston, care of J. M. ELLIOTT & Co., Agents, Rome, Ga., and Greensboro, Ala.

All Through Freight can be paid to JOHN C. ALLEN & CO. on delivery of Goods at Greensboro.

N. B.—Steamers leave Rome every Tuesday and Saturday, at 7 A. M.; leave Greensboro every Wednesday at 7 A. M.; leave Gadsden every Sunday at 7 A. M. Arrive at Rome every Thursday and Monday.

J. M. ELLIOTT, General Supt. Steamboat Line. C. M. PENNINGTON, Esq. & Sup. R. R. J. B. PECK, M. T. W. & A. R. R. R. W. COLE, Gen. Supt. Ga. R. R. H. T. PRAKE, Supt. S. C. R. R. Rome, Ga., March 10th, 1868.—1m.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said county, April 28, A. D. 1868.

At this term of the court came Wm. M. Hughes, Administrator of Langford Hughes deceased, and filed in court the petition in writing, representing among other things, that his testate died seized and possessed of the following described lands, to-wit: Beginning at the creek on the Township line, hence to the dividing line to section thirty-four, thence north, to the north-east corner of the field, thence west to the creek including the field fence, thence ascending the creek to the beginning corner on the Township line, being part and parcel of section 24, thirty-four, township 13, fifteen of range 9, nine, containing seventy acres, more or less.

Said Administrator further represents, that said land cannot be equally, fairly and beneficially divided among the heirs of said testate without a sale of the same; that said testate is in debt, and that it is therefore necessary and is to the interest of said estate that said land be sold for distribution, and for the payment of debts, &c.; and he therefore asks an order of court authorizing him to sell the same for purposes above mentioned.

It is therefore ordered by the court, that the 10th day of June, 1868 be set for the hearing of said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to the non-resident heirs and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be held at the court house of said county on said 10th day of June, 1868, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. May 2nd, 1868.—3t.

CONSIGN YOUR GOODS TO CROSWELL & CO.

HAVING rented the Warehouse, known as the "Petitbone Warehouse," belonging to the Selma Rome and Dalton R. R. Co. for a term of years, we are now prepared to offer to the citizens of Calhoun, Talladega, and the northern part of the State generally, accommodations superior to any they have ever had, in the way of taking care of, and forwarding Goods. With the large and commodious floating Wharf Boat "Magnolia," at the foot of the slide, we are prepared to store any amount of Freight, well protected from rain, a good watchman, efficient Clerks, and immediately at the Depot, where the usual amount of handling and drayage is avoided, nothing more being required when your Goods are consigned to Croswell & Co. and they will be forthcoming in due time. The Cabin and State Rooms of the Magnolia are in good repair, and under the supervision of Lynch & Nelson, two of the best Stewards on the Alabama River, who are prepared to furnish good clean Beds, and meals to the travelling public, who may wish to be sure of getting a Boat, arriving at any time of the night, and upon reasonable terms. Selma, March 25, 1868.—1y.

The Castle of Griefenstein. A GERMAN LEGEND.

It was a happy time for the peasants of Neuberg when their brave Duke, Henry I, passed through his dominions. He was on his way, accompanied by his consort Hedwig and their children, with a numerous retinue of followers, to visit his burg of Lehnberg, built by his renowned father, Duke Boleslaus. While he stopped a day or two to rest from the fatigues of the travel, his subjects from the neighborhood came to petition for favors and redress from various grievances, for they knew the good will of their sovereign, and thought his power almost boundless.

Among the petitioners was an old herdsman, whose name was Wolfgang. To the gracious enquiry of the Duke respecting his wants, he was answered that the whole country was tormented with a condor, that took off the greatest part of the flocks, and even mangled oxen of the plow. The bird had a nest somewhere, and young ones, and when these were grown, children, and perhaps men and women, would not be safe from its rapacity. "Take compassion upon us, gracious Lord," prayed the herdsman, "Command your soldiers to slay the condor and destroy its nest."

"Where has the bird its eyrie?" asked the Duke.

"I know not," answered the herdsman, "but, methinks, it is beneath the Kahlenberg."

The Duke gave immediate orders that the bird of prey should be hunted and killed with its young. The whole country was in motion; the knights were eager to fulfill their lord's command and gain renown by the slaughter of so destructive a foe to the herdsman. But the condor seemed to defy them. Sheep disappeared daily, as if by magic. Only at intervals could the bird be seen, soaring upon outspread wings at so vast a height that no arrow could reach it. The peasants mourned, and the baffled warriors murmured at their want of success. Meanwhile Schaffhold, the son of Wolfgang, a youth of aspiring spirit, but little inclined, as his father often complained, to the herdsman's labor, had been earnestly watching the knights, apparently charmed with their brave apparel and armor, and following at a distance those who were nearest the Duke, and though in humble garb many a highborn cavalier might have envied the noble and graceful form and the majestic beauty of his countenance. Nature had gifted him with matchless perfection of person; his mien was not that of a peasant, of a free-born noble—for which, indeed, he was noted throughout the country.

As the Duke with his train entered the castle where he was lodged, young Schaffhold passed unheeding along the mountain side under the shadow of projecting rocks. He had not gone far when his steps were arrested. At a few paces distance a young and beautiful woman, richly dressed, lay sleeping upon the ground, her fair cheek resting on her hand, her soft brown hair, unclipped, followed the waving line of her figure. So exquisite was this image of beauty that the young herdsman stood gazing at her several minutes, unable to remove his eyes; suddenly, however, he started forward, he saw a viper of the most poisonous kind glide swiftly over the moss toward the head of the sleeping girl. Schaffhold sprang forward in time to strike the reptile dead with his staff. The noise awoke the young girl, when, seeing the snake, she started up with a cry of horror. The next instant, comprehending the danger from which she had escaped, she turned with a look of gratitude to him who had saved her. At the next instant a voice called from the thicket, "Princess Rubeta!"

"I am here," answered the young girl, and Schaffhold at once knew her rank. She was the eldest daughter of the Duke.

With a heavy heart he turned away, and was out of sight when the servants came to the spot. The Princess walked on to the castle, and so soon was it known what had befallen her than the young pages and attendant hastened to her. But no trace of the youth who had rendered her this signal service, could be discovered. That day before sunset the peasants were assembled in holiday attire, decorated with ribbons and flowers, to appear before the Duke and his family. All the herdsman except Schaffhold were there, and the eyes of the Princess sought only him. When she found him not she sighed, and tears filled her beautiful eyes.

Schaffhold wandered in the woods the rest of the evening, and returned home late at night to think and dream of Rubeta. With the morning resolution came. "She cannot be mine," he said mournfully, "but I may at least win a name that she may not disdain to hear." He quitted his father's hut early, and his steps involuntarily turned toward the castle where the Duke's party lodged. There was an unusual concourse before the gates. A herald came forth, mounted on a white horse decorated with gay trapping, preceded by a trumpeter, and accompanied by several knights. Schaffhold approached as near as possible. The trumpet sounded, and after it ceased, the herald made this proclamation in a loud voice: "Our gracious Duke, Henry the first, sends greeting to his lieges of the country of Neuberg, and having heard that the whole valley is plagued by a condor of an unusual and extraordinary magnitude, by which the lives of his subjects are endangered, he doth hereby promise to the brave man who shall kill this bird and destroy its nest, the hand of his daughter, the Princess Rubeta, in marriage."

Bewildered and trembling with newborn life, struggling with fear, the young herdsman listened to the words of the herald. When he had ended, the trumpet again sounded.

The young Princess sat weeping in her chamber. The Duchess, her mother, stood regarding her almost sternly, and reproved her for her want of submission to the paternal will.

"Alas! my mother," murmured Rubeta, "must I then wed a man whom I cannot love, if he chance to slay the bird?"

"The Duke's honor is pledged, my child, and the man that shall do this act in honor of thee and him, is not unworthy, though he should be the lowly-born, of thy hand."

The Princess shook her head and continued to weep.

"Alas!" exclaimed the Duchess, "can it be possible that thou lovest already?"

The Princess covered her blushing face with her hands.

"His name!" demanded the Duchess, "who has dared to aspire unknown?"

"None, none!" exclaimed Rubeta, "he has saved my life."

"That youth who killed the snake while thou was sleeping?"

"The same."

"Why, it was but a hind, a peasant; out on thee, forward girl!"

The Princess lifted up her eyes. "Was not Potos, the founder of my father's honored race, a herdsman, too?"

The Duchess frowned, and ordered her daughter to attend her to her apartment.

It is needless to say, that the Duke's proclamation caused great excitement amongst the pages and knights of the court. Each was eager to obtain the prize. The country was scoured by hunt men in every direction, and every cranny of the rocks was scanned for the eyrie of the condor.

"Thou, too, my son," said old Wolfgang, "surely thou dost not dream to contend in this pursuit which only may be accomplished by a knight; as he saw his son preparing for the chase, they will chastise thee as an upstart."

"Father, I fear them not, for the Duke's proclamation said not, whoever of noble blood, shall slay the condor. I know not if this was meant or inadvertency, but upon this I am resolved."

And Schaffhold went forth with his staff and ax to hunt the bird of prey.

All the morning he wandered in the forest. At noon, wearied, but determined not to yield to fatigue, he climbed the loftiest tree that he could find, and which commanded a view of the country. The day had hitherto been beautiful, but Schaffhold descried a dark spot in the distant horizon which betokened the coming storm.

Suddenly, a dark speck, so distant that it seemed but a mist dashing over the straining eye, caught his attention. The speck grew larger, he clasped his hands in an ecstasy of joy. It was the condor! Bearing a height immeasurable, it still drew nearer. Schaffhold hid himself in the foliage of the tree, and watched the flight of the majestic bird. Of the condor, it is said, that it will remain for days upon the wing, and never alight upon the earth, save for food.

Rapidly it came on, floating calmly in mid-air, his eyes followed its flight, which was now directed toward a lofty and inaccessible rock, on the summit of which was an aged tree, which, doubtless, contained the nest of the condor.

Descending from his elevated situation, he crossed the valley, and forced his passage through the thick and interwoven boughs and wood of the forest. But the storm which had threatened had now begun, but on he pressed; he had clambered the mountain to the foot of the rock, the perilous ascent of which he now commenced, entrusting his safe guidance to Providence.

Grasping the shrubs growing on the foot of the rock, cutting footsteps as he slowly advanced, he reached the most dangerous part. The cliff projected over the abyss, and upon its verge stood the lightning-seathed tree. He could see the dark form of the bird above him. Her fiery eyes flashed, and she flapped her wings at the intruder. The clamorous impatience of her

young for food, alone stayed her from making a swoop at him when half way up the side; and a hitherto unseen cleft in the rock, which ascended the sides, led him by a circuitous route to the summit; this peril surmounted, he was now to strive for his life with a fierce enemy whose realm he had invaded.

The condor sat perched on the nest, whetting her beak for the encounter, her large keen eyes glaring defiance.

To ascend the tree would have been destruction; and no crossbow, a bolt from which would have stood him such need, had he. A thought struck him to kindle a fire beneath the tree. With speed he gathered together a few dried boughs and brushwood; he fastened it to the end of a long pole which he had cut down with his ax. Then striking fire, he kindled it, and placed it as high as he could reach in the branches of the tree.

The half decayed boughs were instantly on fire. The violence of the wind swept it upward, and the nest itself was soon wrapped in flames. The condor had taken flight at the first gust of smoke, but, recalled by the cries of her young, wheeled round and round the blazing tree, uttering a hoarse, short cry at intervals, and flapping her huge wings as if maddened with rage and despair. Anon she dashed furiously at Schaffhold, who, nothing daunted, struck at her with his ax, his only weapon of defence. The bird wheeled round him, and then plunged madly into the flames to the rescue of its young. Long and fruitless were its efforts; it mingled its horrid shrieks in the blast of the storm till the country around was aroused; but all in vain were its struggles, the fire had so weakened it that, overcome, the huge creature fell at full length, exhausted, at the feet of the youth, who with one mighty stroke of his ax severed the head from the prostrate enemy, which should now no longer be the terror of the husbandmen, and which, if the Duke were but rightly minded toward the honest and deserving, should lead him to his fortune.

Dragging the carcass of his prostrate foe to the edge of the precipice, he precipitated it over the side, and at length managed to make a safe descent with it into the valley. Here, to his surprise, the whole population, as well as the stately followers of the court, were assembled, attracted by the fire and the wailing cries of the condor, and had been the witness of his prowess.

The Duke listened to his account of his adventure, and demanded his name.

"Schaffhold, the son of Wolfgang, the herdsman," was the reply; and the youth saw with pain the smile which passed round the noble circle.

But the Duke exclaimed, after a moment's hesitation: "Bring forth my daughter!"

Several knights ventured to remonstrate. But the Duke once more bade them do his bidding.

There was a pause, and presently Rubeta appeared, leaning on her mother's arm, pale and trembling. Again there was a murmur, but the Duke exclaimed:

"I pledged my royal word that whoever should slay the condor should receive my daughter's hand; it is true, I did not think that one lowly born would attempt, or if attempt, succeed against such noble knights; but, as success has attended his efforts, he has shown himself more worthy than you all, and I will not break my word. Young man, take my daughter; thou art comely as thou art brave, and let not knight here murmur at my royal right to do justice to desert."

Schaffhold advanced to the Duke, and kneeling down, exclaimed:

"I would risk life a thousand times for so fair a prize, but I will not take the hand that the lady doth not willingly bestow."

"Now, by the rood, thy spirit is knightly enough," exclaimed Duke Henry, "but it is our will that thou dost wed the lady. Rubeta, what sayest thou?"

"I will obey thee, my father," said the maiden, from whose cheek the flush of joy had chased away its paleness.

The Duke joined their hands. "And that thou mayest have a home stately enough for a princely bride," he continued, "I will give thee as much land as thou canst encircle in a day's journey."

"On the rock thou didst climb—the condor's eyrie—I will build a stately castle for thee and thine, which shall be called Griefenstein, in remembrance of the bird which has brought the fortune."

The same day was the betrothal of the Princess and herdsman solemnly celebrated. On the following morning Schaffhold commenced the circuit of the land which formed the domains of Griefenstein. The Duke confirmed the gift, and, in the presence of the whole court, created the young man a knight and noble, with the title of Baron Schaafgotsch.

Vital Statistics of Mankind.

There are on the globe about 1,288,000,000 of souls, of which 369,000,000 are of the Caucasian race; 552,000,000 are of the Mongolian race; 190,000,000 are of the Ethiopian race; 176,000,000 are of the Malay race; 1,000,000 are of the Ando-American race.

There are 3,683 languages spoken and 1,000 different religions.

The yearly mortality of the globe is 2,333,333 persons. This is at the rate of 91,554 per day, 3,730 per hour, 60 per minute; so each pulsation of our hearts marks the decease of some human creature.

The average of human life is 30 years.

One-fourth of the population die at or before the age of 7 years—one half at or before the age of 17 years.

Among 10,000 persons, one arrives at the age of 100 years, one in 500 attains the age of 90, and one in 100 lives to the age of 60.

One-eighth of the population is military.

Professions exercise a great influence on longevity.

In 1,000 individuals who arrive at the age of 70 years, 42 are priests, orators or public speakers, 40 are agriculturists, 33 are workmen, 32 soldiers or military employees, 20 advocates or engineers 27 professors and 25 doctors.—Those who devote their lives to the prolongation of that of others, die soonest.

There are 325,000,000 Christians. There are 5,000,000 Israelites. There are 60,000,000 of the Asiatic religions.

There are 160,000,000 Mohammedans. There are 200,000,000 Pagans.

In the Christian churches, 180,000,000 profess the Roman Catholic faith.

75,000,000 profess the Greek faith, 80,000,000 profess the Protestant.

A Contrast. From the Lexington (Ky.) Reporter and Observer.

There has been revived, with complimentary notice, an incident of the occupation of Lexington by the Confederates in 1862, when a young lady refused to deliver a Federal flag to Confederate cavalrymen. Upon her refusal to deliver it up without force, her person was held sacred, and she permitted to wave it in the presence of a marching column of cavalry. These men have been denounced as "guerrillas," "rebels," &c., and the lady exalted into a heroine. We have no word, other than respect, to utter of that lady.

We heard recited the facts of another occurrence of that terrible war. Near the banks of the muddy Savannah in a plain country house lived an invalid widow with an only daughter, her brothers absent, soldiers in the Confederate army. Ladies in birth and education, in refinement and culture, easy in fortune, they lived a retired life. The wave of Sherman's invasion reached that plantation; and the mansion was entered by a party of his scouts or bummers, who, having rubbed the place of all portable provisions and plate and jewelry, tried to take from the mother's neck a gold encased miniature of the dead husband. The maiden daughter pleaded that her mother be spared that insult and pain. The mother would not part from this memorial of the loved dead without a struggle. With violence was it torn from her neck, her rings torn from her fingers, her earrings jerked from her bleeding ears; but beyond, infinitely beyond that, the nameless crime was committed upon her young daughter in her own presence. The solitary chimney's staid silent sentries over the ashes of that once happy home, and an unmarked grave under a forest tree encloses the form of that violated maiden. These women are not heroines, they were only rebels; those men were of the grand army of freedom on its glorious march to the sea!

An Outrage. We learn from passengers who came down on the Saturday morning train of the Selma, Rome, and Dalton Railroad, that as the train passed Butler's old saw mill, two miles this side of Mumfords Station, large stones were thrown in one of the passengers' coaches, smashing up one of the windows and otherwise damaging the car. Fortunately no one was hurt, though several made narrow escapes. This method of seeking revenge is becoming quite fashionable, a number of instances have been reported of late of this "stone throwing." The authorities should take prompt action in this case and, if possible, bring the guilty parties to punishment.—Talladega Mountain Home 16th

Heavily loaded wagons are now drawn over common roads in France by means of steam road locomotives adapted to the purpose.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA
SATURDAY, JUNE 27, 1868.

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, 1 50
Each subsequent insertion, 75
Over one square counted as two, over two as
three, &c. A liberal discount made on
advertisements continued for three, six,
or 12 months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Mr. D. M. FULENWIDER is
our authorized Agent, to receive and recip-
it subscription, advertising, &c. for the
Jacksonville Republican.

Nominee of the Democratic National Convention.

The question which now interests our
whole people more intensely than any
other—who will be the nominee of the
Democratic National Convention?
will soon be settled. Our next paper
will be published on the day of the
meeting of the Convention, and of
course we cannot hope to give the news
of the nomination in that; but we prom-
ise our readers to send it out in an ex-
tra should the nomination be made
before our next regular issue.

The discussion of the probable or pos-
sible nomination of Chief Justice Chase,
has added additional interest to the
question within the last few weeks.—
The New York World lately published
an article proposing the nomination of
Chase on a platform of universal suf-
frage, and the acceptance of Congress-
ional reconstruction as an accomplished
fact. This article has called out such a
universal expression of opposition to his
nomination, as virtually to settle the
question against his nomination, and the
World now claims that its object was
to settle the question in advance, and
prevent its being a disturbing element
in the convention. Whether this was
its object or not, it has certainly had
that effect. The question seems now
almost narrowed down to a choice be-
tween Pendleton, Hancock, President
Johnson, and one or two other names
which have been incidentally mentioned;
and unless the convention should blun-
der most awfully, the election of who-
ever may be the nominee is next thing
to certain. A dread of the further ex-
tension of Radical rule, seems to have
sized-upon the public mind all over
the nation, superinduced by their un-
paralleled usurpations and utter dis-
regard of all lawful and constitutional
restraints. In short, all who do not
really desire the destruction of our re-
publican form of government, see nothing
in the further extension of Radical
rule, but usurpation, national bankrupt-
cy, revolution and ruin.

LARGE POTATO.—Mr. R. L. Steven-
son, Esq. has laid upon our table an
Irish potato, weighing 14 ounces—who
can beat it?

WHEAT.—We hear a very general
complaint that the wheat crop is lighter
than expected, as it is threshed out.

Veto of the Arkansas Bill.

We publish below the telegraphic
synopsis of the President's veto message
in regard to the bill admitting Arkansas
as a state. We are glad that he still
stands firm and answering in his ef-
forts to defend and protect the Consti-
tution. The bill has already passed
the House by a strict party vote of 111
to 81, and it will doubtless pass the
Senate by the requisite two-thirds ma-
jority, and become a law. But these
things all go to make up a record, that,
at no very distant day, will sink radi-
calism to merited contempt and ignom-
iny. The action on this bill foreshadows
that on the Omnibus bill also.

Washington, June 29.—The veto
message says:

The approval of this bill would be an
admission that the act more efficiently
governing the rebel States, and the acts
supplementary thereto were constitu-
tional; whereas the President's opinion
is unchanged in this respect, but rather
strengthened by the results attending
their execution. If Arkansas is not a
State, this bill does not admit her, as
she is a State, no legislation is neces-
sary to entitle her to representation in
Congress. Each House, under the
Constitution, judges the election returns
and the qualifications of its own mem-
bers, and nothing is necessary to restore
Arkansas but a decision by each House
of the illegibility of those presenting
credentials. This is the plain and
simple plan of the Constitution; and
had it been adopted in 1865, instead of
legislation of doubtful constitutionality,
and therefore unwise and dangerous,
restoration would long since have been
accomplished. The President again
recommends the constitutional plan.—
The terms proposed are scarcely appli-
cable to a Territory, certainly not to a
State which has occupied a place in the

Union over a quarter of a century, and
the President is unable to find the au-
thority for the conditions of the bill in
the Federal Constitution. The elec-
tive franchise is reserved by the Con-
stitution to the States themselves. The
bill fails to provide how Arkansas shall
signify its acceptance of the fundamen-
tal conditions, nor does it prescribe
penalties for their nullification. It is
seriously questioned whether the Con-
stitution has been ratified according to
law, but assumed to be in force before
its adoption. The Arkansas Constitu-
tion restricted franchise on its ratifica-
tion acts—among them the acceptance
of political and civil rights of all men.
It is well known that a large portion,
if not a majority, of the electors don't
accept this test, and if applied to vot-
ers North there is reason to believe
that many of them would remain away
from the polls rather than comply with
its degrading conditions.

The President concludes:
Should the people of Arkansas, there-
fore, desiring to regulate the elective
franchise so as to make it conform to
the Constitution of a large proportion
of the States of the North and West,
modify the provisions referred to in the
fundamental conditions what is to be
the consequences? Is it intended that a
denial of representation shall follow?—
And, if so, may we not dread, at some
future day, a recurrence of the troubles
which have so long agitated the country?
Would it not be the part of wisdom to
take for our guide the Federal Constitu-
tion rather than resort to measures
which, looking only to the present,
may, in few years, renew in an aggra-
vated form the strife and bitterness caused
by legislation which has proved to be
ill-timed and unfortunate?

House.—The time was occupied in
discussing unimportant matters until
the veto of the Arkansas bill, which
passed 110 to 81 with a strict party
vote, except Stewart, of New York,
who voted with Republicans.

[From the Cherokee Advertiser.]
Another Loil Leaguer Gone Crazy.

In the last two years the Judge of
Probate has committed three men of
Cherokee county to the Lunatic As-
ylum, and each a member of the "Loil
League."

Within the same time twenty persons
have been prosecuted for stealing horses,
corn, etc., or concealing stolen property,
and nineteen of them had been regular-
ly initiated into the "Loil League."—
The one who had not, was a gentleman
of color, who had repeatedly refused to
join, and boasts now that he is too
decent for such a crowd. It is due to
him to say, he was not present at the
stealing and that he bot the article
(corn) under circumstances creating
doubt as to his criminal knowledge.

Go to Boats.

Plucky Woman.
*A Seafaring Senator Invites a Derby
to His House—He Seals Himself by
the Daughter, Who Knocks Him
Down*

From the Macon (Ga.) Journal & Messenger.

Mr. — is the seafaring Senator e-
lected from the Senatorial district com-
posed of the counties of —. He is
full-blown radical, and loves a negro
as much as he hates a "rebel." He
goes in of course not only for political
but social equality, and repudiates not
only at the ballot-box but in his house-
hold all distinctions founded upon race
or color.

Acting upon this theory, he has
brought one of his constituents to great
grief. Said constituent called to see
him not long ago, and, dinner being
announced as ready before he left, he
was invited to a seat at the Senator's
hospitable board. He accepted the in-
vitation, and walking in, placed him-
self on a chair by the side of a daughter
of his host. The next thing he knew he
was lying upon the floor where he had
been knocked by a chair in the indig-
nant woman's hands. Her mother re-
inforced her, and such a mauling as
that darkey got makes the bones ache
to write about. The old rascalism
who got him into the trouble stood by
all this time, not daring to say a word.
When they finished with the darkey
they turned to the white man, and, tel-
ling him that they would not live with
any one who thus sought to degrade
them and left the house. They are
boarding around among the neighbors,
and find a hearty welcome wherever
they go. We propose their health with
all the honor. Hip! hip! hurrah!

Gen. HANCOCK, writes a Washing-
ton correspondent, was at the Presi-
dent's last levee. He is the hand-
somest man that a woman's eyes has
ever rested upon in the military service.
No matter about his record in New Or-
leans; no matter about the dubious rea-
sons that brought him to Washington.
Queen Bess, one of the greatest women
that ever lived, would have made him
Prime Minister at once, and if Andrew
Johnson wishes to emulate this illu-
strious woman, and add glory to his de-
clining reign, none but a Senate lost to
the most exquisite emotions, will in-
terfere. Towering a whole head and
shoulders above foreign Ministers and
all others in the room, one's eyes must
be raised to view the stars on his
shoulders, just as they are lifted to the
flaming star that rests upon the strap of
Perseus, proving him to be one of the
greatest generals in the heavens.

He who waits for a chance will have
to wait a year.

THE CINCINNATI COMMERCIAL ON
OLD BEN WADE.—We clip the follow-
ing bits from the Commercial of the
27th:

PERSONAL.—Wade and wanting—in
Ohio.
Wade and shelved—in Chicago.
Wade and distrusted—in Washing-
ton.

Ben Wade's correspondence is not so
arduous as it was.

Wade cursed the pertinacity of the
office seekers lately. He has been re-
lieved.

A. J.'s little grand children will take
dancing lessons, in Washington, for
another quarter.

Ben Wade would rather be right than
be President. He made up his mind
about it last evening.

For rent.—A newly repaired house in
Greenville, Tenn. Apply to A. John-
son, White House.

"Wade Din" was the motto of the
carpet-baggers; "Wade doubt" the
motto of the judicious people.

The carpet-baggers have left Wash-
ington, and there will be no more
spontaneous applause in the galleries.

The people never elected Ben Wade
to anything, but he came within one
vote of electing himself President.

The importance of one vote is prover-
bial. Ben Wade would like to have
had just one more, in order to cast it
for Ben Wade.

Mr. Johnson finds it inconvenient to
visit the White House to Mr. Wade,
but will kindly tender him the use of
the blue-room.

Skies brightening.

Extract of a letter from a very intel-
ligent gentleman who is largely en-
gaged in the iron business at Chicago, to a
gentleman in this city, dated May 13,
1868.

As to "bayonets and carpet-baggers"
they are matters too grievous to be
borne, and you have the active sym-
phony of millions of Northern people. To
me the skies are bright with promise
that the horrids of thieves and robbers
now in charge of our national affairs
will in November by the voice of the
people be driven forth from the places
they now hold, to be succeeded by
men who will do justice to the South
and pay some little attention to the
interest of white men.

The late Republican National Con-
vention held in this city was a most
insipid and dreary affair, not to be
compared with the one held here eight
years ago when Lincoln was nominated
or even four years ago when McClellan
was nominated.

The nomination of the cold-blooded
Grant does not elicit one particle of
enthusiasm. As an instance showing
how some of the federal soldiers receive
the nomination I will say, that there is
in our shops among other workmen
thirteen returned federal soldiers. The
other day one of their number, who is
opposed to Grant took a poll of their
votes and found only one man out of
the thirteen who would vote for Grant.

Columbus Prisoners.

We have been informed that the pris-
oners, except Mr. Bidel, have been
again taken out of their cells, and are
now in comfortable quarters. We do
not know how to explain this change
unless it is because one of the detectives
who seems to be in command of this
Department, (Hatch-there) had his hair
trimmed very close, and has cooled
down. We hope he won't get mad again
till it grows out or comes out.

Atlanta Southerner.

Notice.

The books of the assessment of the
Corporation Taxes, are now complete.
Tax payers are hereby notified, that the
books will be open for the correction of
all mistakes, on Friday, 29 June, 1868.

D. P. FORNEY, Intendant.

Look Before you Leap!

LIFE INSURANCE

COMES directly to all those who are
themselves from at once attending to
the most important duty, and the saving
portion of any community will naturally ask
themselves, what company shall we insure in
—we say insure in the

SOUTHERN LIFE OF MEMPHIS.

A Strictly Southern Company.

And offered by men who are natives of
the soil, and to the honor born.

It has within the last 12 months done more
business by one-half than any company doing
business south.—It relies on Southern
people for support—its capital is ample and
securely invested—then patronize a good
home company, and keep your money in
your own country.

Southern Life Insurance Company,
Louisville, Ky. and Memphis, Tenn.
Net Assets for 1868, \$250,017 94.

F. M. WHITE, Pres.
SAM TATE, Vice
R. C. BRINKLEY, Pres.

BES. MAY, Secy.
Gen. N. R. FORREST,
P. B. SHEPARD, Dist. Agt.

Local Agt.
Dr. M. W. FRANCIS, Med. Ex.

June 20, 1868.—1m.

NEW GOODS.

I am just receiving an additional supply
of FRESH GOODS, direct from New
York and other markets.

Among the variety is a superior article of
Rio Coffee, Putrefied and Coffee
Sugar, Golden Syrup and Molasses,
English Soda, &c. &c.

A new supply of German
Net Anker Sinking Cloths.

JNO. D. HOKE.

June 20, 1868.

THE GREAT

Southern Preparations

COMPRISE a class of pure and select
Family Medicines, prepared from pure
drugs, by a class of experienced Southern
Physicians, specially for the diseases incident
to a Southern locality.

They are not secret nor potent mixtures,
and are recommended to be used in lieu of
those prepared by our Northern friends, who
know but little about Southern treatment.

Ours is the only class of Family Medicines
ever offered to the public which were prepared
by the Medical Profession.

FEMALES OF THE SOUTH.

Diseases peculiar to your sex, incident to all
localities, culled from the passing breeze that
fans you with its perfumed breath, or snatched
from some pendulous dew-drop, are to you
a constant and abiding trouble. Whether
an inhabitant of city or country, hill or
dale, palace or hovel, disease rankles and
presses upon your vital. Gloom and despair
are your constant companions. Your pale
and ghastly countenance, your colorless
cheeks, your listless eye, your feeble and tot-
tering walk, your palpitating heart, your
depressed brow, all tell of that disease which
is gradually and steadily making inroads up-
on your declining system.

The Sunshine of Hope

Now turn upon your vision, and the clouds
of despair that hang as a heavy pall of
gloom upon your brow can be driven back,
and the bright vision of health, in all its
splendor, are offered you. DRUMGOOLE
& CO'S

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS

Is the only combination that actually and
positively restores and restores the womb to
its normal healthy condition. It removes all
unnatural obstructions, relieves painful or
suppressed menstruation, cures Leucorrhoea
or Whites, falling of the Womb, Hysteria,
Chlorosis, Catarrhs, Nervousness, Straining
and Giddiness of the Head, Melancholy,
Fleeting and Irritation of the Womb, Dis-
placements of the Kidneys and Bladder, and
all diseases that are peculiar to the female sex
—afflicting old or young, married or single.
Send at once one Bottle, it will do you good.

YOUR LIFE BLOOD

Must be changed in order to be relieved of
that troublesome class of diseases requiring
pure blood. DRUMGOOLE & CO'S

Constitutional Monarch

Is recognized by the Medical Profession as
the BEST and most CERTAIN Blood Purifier
now before the public, and why? Simply
because it is composed of the best medicines
for that purpose, viz: Sulfingia, Yellow
Bark, Sarsaparilla, Burdock, and Sassa-
parilla. For Scalds, Cutaneous Eruptions,
Skin Diseases, Gout, Rheumatism, Glandular
Tumors, and Swellings, Old Ulcers and Sores,
Constitutional Debility, &c., it acts like
a charm.

DRUMGOOLE & CO'S

PINK BAL. Raspberry, Cubebs and
Buchu.

A highly concentrated medicinal compound,
expressly for affections of the KIDNEYS &
BLADDER, such as Hematuria, Frequent
Desire to Urinate, Urinary Deposits, Thick
or Milky Urine, Effects of early Dissipation,
Nervous Trembling, Gravel, Gout, Pains in
the Back, Gleet, Loss of energy, Strangury,
and all affections requiring a quick and reliable
Remedy.

In all cases of a want of action on the part
of the Kidneys, and the liver, affecting old or
young, male or female, this compound can
be relied on.

DRUMGOOLE & CO'S

Red Bileberry Remedy.

The most certain and efficient cure for all
forms of Dysuria, Nephritis and Vesical
Gonorrhea, Catarrhs, Strangury, Pain in
Stomach, Summer Complaint, Cholera, and
all affections of the Urinary Organs, and
all affections requiring a quick and reliable
Remedy.

DRUMGOOLE & CO'S

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DRUMGOOLE & CO'S

New York Column.

WHEAT WANTED

We will exchange Groceries at cash
prices for WHEAT of good quality.

We have also just received and offer
for sale an assorted lot of

IRON

Of superior quality.
SMITH & RIDDLE.

Oxford, Ala. June 20, 1868.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.—Many persons do
not understand what is meant by the "Great
Southern Preparations," let us explain.
At Memphis, three experienced Southern Physi-
cians, one of Memphis, one from Mississippi
and the other from Louisiana, united their
mental powers, their money and their experi-
ence, for the purpose of preparing for the
Southern people a class of reliable Family
Medicines, to be used in lieu of the many that
are from those who know but little of our
diseases, and they are called the "Great
Southern Preparations," being eighteen or
twenty in number. They are neither secret
or potent.

In Chancery

At Jacksonville.

Wm. Crutchfield,
Thomas Crutchfield,
et al.,
vs.
Joseph B. Forney,
James Frank,
Eliza Blum,
Thomas D. Fisher,
Assignees, &c.

"COSTAR'S"

Preparations

EVERYBODY—Tries Them!
EVERYBODY—Uses Them!
EVERYBODY—Believes in Them!
EVERYBODY—Recommends Them!

Are you troubled by Rats, Mice,
Rabbits, Ants?

Costar's Exterminators.

Only Infallible Remedies. "Free
from Poison," "Not dangerous
to the Human Family." "Rats
come out of their holes to die."
Improved to keep in any climate.

Are you annoyed with Bed-Bugs?
Can't sleep nights?

Costar's Bed-Bug Exter.

A Liquid "Destroys and prevents
Bed-Bugs." "Never Fails."

For Moths in Furs, Woollens, Car-
pets, &c.

Costar's Insect Powder.

Destroys instantly Fleas and all
Insects on all Plants, Fowls, An-
imals, &c.

"A sure thing." Thousands can
testify.

Costar's Corn Solvent.

For Corns, Blisters, Warts, &c.
"Try It."

Costar's Blisters & Salve.

For Cuts, Bruises, Wounds,
Scalds, Burns, Piles, Ulcers, Old
Sores, Itch, Scalds and Chilblains,
Eruptions, Chapped Hands,
Etc., &c. "Fits of Animals," &c.

"A Universal Dinner Pill" (su-
perior) 30 years administered in
a Physician's Practice.

Costar's Bishop Pills.

Of extraordinary efficiency for
Constiveness, indigestion, Nervous
and Sick Headache, Dyspepsia,
Dysentery, General Debility, Liver
Complaints, Chills, Fevers, &c.
Not gripping, Gentle, mild and
soothing.

"That Cough will Kill you!"
Don't neglect it.

Costar's Cough Remedy.

The children cry for it—its
"Soothing Syrup." For Coughs,
Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bron-
chitis, All-coughs, Singers, Speak-
ers, and all troubled with Throat
Complaints, will find this a bene-
ficial Peculiar Remedy.

Beautifies the Complexion, giving
to the skin a transparent freshness.

Costar's Bitter Sweet

and ORANGE BLOSSOMS.

Renders the skin clear, smooth
and soft. Removes Tan, Freckles,
Pimples, &c. Ladies, try a bottle
and see its wonderful quality.

!!! Beware !!! of all
Worthless Imitations.

None Genuine without "COS-
TAR'S" Signature.

\$1 sizes sent by mail on re-
ceipt of price.

\$2 pays for any three \$1 sizes
by Express.

\$5 pays for eight \$1 sizes by
Express.

Address

HENRY R. COSTAR,

612 Broadway, N. Y.

For Sale by

NISEET, VANDIVER & CO.,

JACKSONVILLE, A.L.

Sold by all Wholesale Druggists in
MOBILE, ALA. And in all the large cities.

BARNET WARD & CO. New Orleans, La.

Wholesale Agents for Southern States.

June 6, 1868.—4t.

Adm of
said Estate.



POETRY.

[From the Banner of the South.]
[SELECTED.]

The Unseen Battle-Field.

There is an unseen battle-field
In every human breast,
Where two opposing forces meet,
But where they seldom rest.

The field is veiled from mortal sight,
'Tis only seen by One,
Who knows alone where victory lies,
When each day's work is done.

One army clings to strong and fierce,
Their chief of demon form,
His brow is like the thunder cloud
His voice the bursting storm.

His captains are the passions fierce,
Whose troops watch night and day,
Swift to detect the weakest points,
And thirsting for the fray.

Contenting with the nightly force,
Is but a little band,
Yet there with an unquailing front,
The warriors firmly stand.

Their leader is of God-like form,
Of countenance serene,
And glowing on his naked breast,
A simple Cross is seen.

His captains are the Virtues fair,
Beneath that wondrous sign,
They fear no danger, for they feel
A courage all divine.

They feel it speaks a glorious truth,
A truth as great as sure,
That to be victors they must learn
To love—confide—endure.

And when they win that battle-field,
That tell us all forgo,
The plains where battle once has reigned
Becomes a hallowed spot.

A spot where spots of joy and peace
Spring from the fertile sod,
And breathe the perfume of their praise,
On every breeze, to God.

From the Union Springs Times.
Outrage.

On last Monday night, about midnight, four men, dressed in Federal uniform and known positively to be members of the then garrison to this place, went to the house of Mr. Joseph L. Moultrie, three miles from town. They knocked at the door. He asked who they were and what their business. Reply was made that they were a detail sent to arrest him. Mr. Moultrie opened the door, admitted the party, and proceeded to dress himself. Of a quiet, peaceable disposition, he assented to the arrest at once, and to provide for the safety of his premises during absence, he endeavored to call a white man in his employ. The villains, however, wanted no witnesses. As soon as Mr. Moultrie called, they jumped on him, threw him down, choked and beat him severely. They next forced him to go silently from his home into some woods near by. Here the intended crime was disclosed by a demand for his keys. The unarmed man could do nothing but give them. Three of the soldiers returned to house to plunder, leaving the fourth to guard Mr. Moultrie. The clumsy rascals who had gone to search, although they had the keys, failed to fit them in the proper locks, smashed drawers and desks, and got \$500 in money, the whole amount on which Mr. Moultrie depended to supply his cash necessities of thirty-five negroes. They also took a gold watch and a revolver. The scoundrels, after securing all the plunder they could by a search of the house and rifling Mr. Moultrie's pockets of even the small change in them, threatened that, unless "he promised not to report them, they would beat him up by the thumbs and build a fire under him." Mr. Moultrie finally escaped from them, made his way to town, called upon the commanding officer, stated the facts of his maltreatment and robbery, and asked redress. An inspection of the company resulted in the probable identification of one of the robbers, and disclosed the fact that only two members of the company were missing. Two of the rascals are, therefore, still with it, their guilt doubtless well known to most of their comrades. A party of four citizens was authorized to attempt the discovery and arrest of the two missing ones, which failed of its object.

A LEATHER CEMENT INVENTED.—A party in England has discovered a cement which is to become a most valuable agent in the hands of manufacturers of articles of leather, including boots and shoes. Patches can be put upon the uppers and soles and upon the bottoms of shoes with cement, which will adhere that no known agent, heat, cold, oil, water, or any other influence, will operate against its utility. In fact, we are informed that leather will part quicker where the cement has never been applied than where it has, so great is its adhesive property. We can easily recognize the value of this cement in its application to patches. Waxed thread rarely holds in wet weather, and a patch soon gives way. In the use of this cement we are given to understand a perfect combination is formed, which resists all attempts to separate the patches joined. To the trade here it will be priceless, and we hope soon to learn more about it. If it should turn out that a sole can be applied without peg or stitch, and never give way till worn out, it would be one of the most valuable discoveries of the age. [Hides and Leather Interest.

A young Missourian, eulogizing his girl's beauty, said, "I'll be doggoned if she ain't as purty as a red wagon."

Ladies Depository,

Baltimore, Md.

THIS institution was organized in Baltimore, in February 1867, for the relief of Ladies who, in consequence of the late disastrous war, have been unexpectedly obliged to rely upon the work of their own hands for support. This relief is given by putting out sewing, selling garments of various descriptions—selling preserves, jellies, &c., and reliefs, such as paintings, silver, china, &c.—Permits are first obtained either to do sewing, or to deposit, after which any work or article is sent over the express lines free of charge.

At the earnest request of the President of the Depository and my own solicitude for our Sunny South, I make known the existence of this institution to those parts of Alabama with which I am acquainted, and also my readiness to aid any and all who desire to enjoy its benefits. Further information may be obtained by addressing Ladies' Depository, 52 North Chandler st., or the undersigned, 23 West Lombard street, Baltimore, Md.

Miss CLEMENTINE SNOW
May 4th 1868.

New Goods.

An additional Lot of

PRINTS, &c.

Just Received.

We do NOT wish to sell on time, but DO intend offering Goods for CASH, as cheap as can be AFFORDED.

WOODWARD & SON.

May 2, 1868.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County,
May 4th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came C. W. P. and P. M. Phillips, Administrators of the Estate of Jane Phillips, deceased, and filed in court their petition, asking an order authorizing them to compromise a certain promissory note made by G. W. Phillips, John M. Love, and J. N. Phillips, for the sum of fourteen hundred and five dollars, dated 17th December, 1861, and due the 17th day of December, 1861, with interest from date, and payable to them as Administrators as aforesaid.

It is thereupon ordered by the Court, that the 20th day of June, 1868, be set for the hearing of said petition, and that publication thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said court to be held at the court house of said county, on said 20th day of June, 1868, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 2, 1868—20.

LAW & HUDSON,

COTTON FACTORS

Commission Merchants.

SELMMA, ALA.

Cash Advances made on Cotton consigned to us for sale in Selma, Mobile, New Orleans and New York.

Office over T. K. Ferguson's Bank, Broad Street.

R. A. PETTIBONE & CO.,

Receiving and Forwarding

MERCHANTS,

SELMMA, ALA.

HAVING removed from the old stand near the S. R. & D. Railroad depot to the house formerly occupied by LYLES & MUNRO, at the head of the City Wharf, are prepared with special facilities to RECEIVE and FORWARD all freights consigned to them with dispatch.

R. A. Pettibone & Co. are not Steamboat Agents, and their patrons may rely upon having their interests looked after in freights and charges.

The very liberal patronage heretofore extended by the friends of this House is respectfully solicited.

R. A. PETTIBONE & CO.

Mr. W. V. R. WATSON, of the old firm of Eager, Watson & White is with this House.

May 2, 1868—21.

Notice to Creditors of Estate of John M. Neighbors, dec.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of John M. Neighbors, dec. having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, on the 25th day of April, 1868, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are requested to make payment.

JAMES B. NEIGHBOURS, Adm.
May 2, 1868.

Dr. S. C. WILLIAMS,

Freighting Physician.

OXFORD, Ala.

Is now receiving a large assortment of

MEDICINES,

Which he offers low for Cash.

May 30, 1868—22.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN D. HOKE

Is receiving, and will continue to receive from New York and other markets, a stock of Goods suited to the Spring and Summer Trade.

Long experience, and the assistance of first class merchants in the importing cities, will enable him to give good bargains to his customers.

Besides the usual articles kept in country stores, he keeps an assortment of

Her Anker Baking Cloths,

22 1/2 c. C. S. Mill Saws & Screen Wire.

If you want the value of your green-backs call upon him.

JNO. D. HOKE.

May 2, '68.

22 BLANK LAND DEEDS and DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and correctly printed, for sale by the quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Justices of the Peace

SMITH & RIDDLE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS,

Hardware and

Commission Merchants.

WE are now receiving and will continue to receive fresh lots of Groceries and Plantation Supplies.

Every week, which they offer to Planters and Country Merchants at as low figures as can be bought in the up country. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

We are prepared to pay tax on Cotton consigned to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile, New Orleans or New York.

Will soon have a large Ware-house completed in rear of our building for storing Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867—6m.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,

(Successor to N. D. JOHNSON & Co.)

RECEIVING

Forwarding Merchants,

SELMMA, ALABAMA.

Ware House and Wharf at the terminus of the Alabama & Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.

Cotton or Merchandise of any description Consigned to this House, will be forwarded promptly and as low as through any house in Selma.

Feb. 16, 1867—11.

H. W. LATTICE, At a hearing

Jas. Lea, L. W. Crozier & Benj. Johnson

At Jacksonville, Ala. 14th Dist. Northern Circuit Court of Alabama.

IN this cause it is made to appear to the Court, by affidavit of Complainant, that two of the said Defendants, James Lea and W. Crozier, who are of lawful age, are non-residents of this State and reside in the town of Starkville, Lamar county State of Texas.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said non-resident Defendants, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of June, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days thereafter a decree pro confesso will be taken against them.

Done at office this 15th day of April, A. D. 1868.

Wm. M. HANES, Register, &c.

May 2, 1868.—k.—\$11 15.

ROBERT A. PETTIBONE,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Western Produce.

Corner Water and Wharfing

on State, directly opposite the "Troup House."

Any house opening a bill and complete assortment of Groceries and Western Produce, which they offer in quantities or at Retail at the lowest market rates.

Consignment of Cotton, Flour and other Produce for storage, sale or shipment, respectfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly attended to.

Thanked for former favors, they will be longer to retain their old friends, and ask a fair share of patronage from the public generally.

ROBERT A. PETTIBONE.

April 21, 1868—12.

THE OLD

"JACKSONVILLE HOTEL,"

is by

J. D. IRATHMOND.

I respectfully announce to the traveling public, and citizens of the State and Country generally, that I am still keeping this House.

I have my table furnished with every thing the city market affords. Having procured my supplies for the year very low, I feel confident I can board at cheap rates.

Being determined to serve my regular and transient patrons, I solicit a liberal share of patronage.

There is a good Livery Stable connected with this House, plentifully furnished with every convenience for travellers, and supplied with various conveniences for travellers off the usual routes.

J. D. IRATHMOND.

Jacksonville, Jan. 11, 1868.

Economy & Home Industry.

SAVE YOUR RICE

THE CHICKASAWBOGUE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

ARE now prepared to purchase GOOD

CLEAN, UNWASHED, LIN & RAGS

in any quantity, and to pay for them the

Highest Market Price in Cash.

They have established a Depot at No. 51

North Water street for the receipt and storage of

Rags and Paper stock of all sorts, under

the immediate charge of Capt. Thomas Hays,

who is authorized to put a "Liberal" notice for

all stock consigned for the Company's Rags, and

brought him in suitable condition.

Rags may be either white, colored or mixed, but they must be free of woollens, clean and

well handled.

Dealers in paper stock in the city and interior will find it to their advantage to communicate with us before disposing of their stock elsewhere.

Neighboring cities advance their own interests by building their influence to secure the saving and collection of all the rags to be found in their respective localities. We will credit them in exchange for paper at liberal rates for all the merchantable rags they may send us.

Rags sent by the rivers and Great Northern Railroad, should be addressed to the Company at Mobile.

All shipments by the Mobile and Ohio Railroad should be directed to Baxter Market Station, the location of the Company's Works.

For further information apply to the Company's Depot, No. 51, North Water st., or to the undersigned, in person or by letter, at the Office of the Advertiser and Register.

W. G. CLARK, President.

All newspapers publishing this advertisement should call and calling attention to it will receive credit for the same at their regular rates, payable in paper as soon as the Mills get into full operation.

Feb. 1.

J. G. BELL.

W. T. BELL.

J. G. BELL & BRO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

WATER STREET,

SELMMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited.

Sept. 8, 1868.

DRUGS, DRUGS.

P. E. TURNLEY,

(Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)

Announces to the public that he has and is receiving a very superior stock of Drugs, medicines, chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes, Oils, Lamps, also Clover and Grass Seeds of all kinds and feels confident that he can please all of his Alabama Customers and Friends that will call on him or send their orders. Recollect he may be found at his old commodious stand No. 3, under the Grand Hotel, Rome, Ga.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, May 18th,

A. D. 1868.

THIS day came W. F. Hanna, adm'r of the Estate of J. Williams Hanna, dec. and tenders his resignation as such administrator, accompanied with his accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is thereupon ordered by the Court, that the 16th day of June, A. D. 1868, be set for hearing said application and making said final settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be held at the court house of said county on said 16th day of June, 1868, and contest said account, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

May 23, 1868—23.

AYER & HILLS,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE

AND

AGRICULTURAL

IMPLEMENTS,

ROME, GA.

Agents for

BUCKEYE & WOOD'S

MOWERS AND REAPERS.

PITTS, SWEETSTARS & KENTUCKY

Thrashers and Cleaners,

RAILWAY & LEVER HORSE POWERS,

Grain Drills, Horse Rakes

and Riding Plows.

Patent Case, Mills & Reap-

ers, Corn Shellers, Feed

Churns, &c. &c.

Orders called promptly for any

Machine in use, at Factory Prices, with freight

added.

Full descriptions of Machines to be had on

application.

May 16, 1868.—17.

TIN-WARE

For Sale by

WOODWARD & SON.

HOW TO GET RICH or

"The Road to Wealth."

Just Published—A NEW BOOK, by a young

man who commenced business with a capital

of but \$25, and attained in five years the

sum of \$250,000. This book contains

information by which a self-made

man can avoid all the mistakes of a

man, and in a manner, it also shows the

other side of the picture—that of the numerous

failures and disasters which thousands are

yearly becoming wealthy without labor

together with information for the acquisition

of articles which meet with a ready sale

at all seasons of the year, where any one

can clear at least \$5,000 annually. Also 150

secrets of business, never before published.

We cannot attempt to give a full description of

the contents, but suffice to say that it opens

an avenue to all which, pursued with suc-

cess, leads to wealth. Young men, out of employ-

ment, don't fail to secure a copy of this work,

and you will never regret your investment.—

Price, 25 cts. Address,

E. B. TAYLOR & SON, Meriden, Conn.

MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

DAILY AND WEEKLY

A JOURNAL FOR THE FARMER

THE BUSINESS MAN, POLI-

TICIAN, AND FAMILY

CIRCLE.

TERMS:

DAILY, One Year \$10 00

" Six Months 5 00

" Three Months 2 50

" One Month 1 00

WEEKLY, One Year 3 00

" Six Months 2 50

" Six copies twelve mo

sent to one Postoffice

address 20 00